

سلسلة



For 1st Sec.

Mr El Sebaei Atteya

## قائمه الشرف 3 ث 2020 (مستر السباعي عطيه)

48	دينا هاني الهادي	24	50	1- محمود محمد سعيد (ث عسكريه)	1
48	ايمان محمد حماد	25	50	يوسف صلاح هلال	2
48	ادهم عبدالفتاح الجمل	26	50	ريهام حسيني محمد عبد المنعم	3
48	زياد بشر اسماعيل	27	50	عمرو خالد تركي	4
48	ليلى محمد مهدي	28	50	ناتسي اشرف محمد	5
47.5	منه الله عادل عماد	29	49	ايمان خالد اسماعيل	6
47.5	مريم محمد علي نجيده	30	49	عمر محمد فاروق	7
47.5	احمد عبدالعظيم بكري	31	49	مصطفى عنتر السيد	8
47.5	سلمي محمد حمدالله	32	49	محمد وسيم محمد سليم	9
47	ندي انس محمد	33	49	هايدي السيد ابراهيم	10
47	ملك علاء ناجي	34	48.5	هاجر اشرف محمد اسماعيل	11
47	ساره اشرف امين	35	48.5	ايه صبري سعد ندا	12
47	احمد نبيل الهادي	36	48.5	ايه حسيني الشرويدي	13
47	باهر حسام طلبه	37	48.5	هناء عبدالمنعم عبدالله	14
47	اسماء عبدالمنعم عبدالله	38	48.5	ايه خالد اسماعيل	15
47	تسنيم محمد عبدالعظيم	39	48.5	عمر عبدالله نجيده	16
47	محمد عبدالباسط عبدالعزيز	40	48.5	زياد وائل صالح	17
47	عبدالله اسماعيل الالفي	41	48.5	هايدي محمد رافت	18
47	احمد محمد عبداللطيف	42	48	اماني عصام مباشر	19
46	ايه نسيم سليم	43	48	محمد اسامه خضر	20
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الاسم	درجة اللغة الانجليزية	المجموع
١ نيرة ماهر عبد المقصود	٥٠	٤٠٩.٥
٢ مرام صبرى شلبى	٥٠	٤٠٨.٥
٣ أحمد عبد النبي الشرويدى	٤٩.٥	٤٠٣
٤ أحمد مجدى مباشر	٤٩.٥	٤٠٣
٥ أحمد محمد اسماعيل شاهين	٤٩.٥	٣٩٧
٦ عبد الرحمن حسن درويش حسانين	٤٩.٥	٣٩٧.٥
٧ عبد الرحمن محمد يس أحمد الزنكلونى	٤٩.٥	٣٩٥.٥
٨ أسماء خالد محمد حسن جاد	٤٩.٥	٤٠٧
٩ ندى خالد حسيني الدمرداش	٤٩.٥	٤٠٦.٥
١٠ ياسمين محمد على عطية خضر	٤٩.٥	٣٩٨.٥
١١ دينا خالد على محمد هيبه	٤٩	٣٨٥.٥
١٢ ريهام اكرم السيد ابراهيم	٤٩	٣٩٦.٥
١٣ سندس حسن محمد وحيد جاد	٤٩	٤٠٢.٥
١٤ نداء سمير السيد محمد نجيده	٤٩	٤٠٢.٥
١٥ هند ايمن حسن اسماعيل شلبى	٤٩	٣٧٧
١٦ أمير ايمن صابر الشرويدى	٤٩	٣٧١.٥
١٧ عمر محمد عوض محمد فرج	٤٩	٣٩٠
١٨ مريم أحمد عبدالله سالم	٤٩	٣٨٤
١٩ هند أكرم السيد الجندي	٤٩	٣٩٤.٥
٢٠ مؤمن عاطف اسماعيل عبدالله محمد	٤٨.٥	٣٩١
٢١ احمد يحي محمود عبدالله سالم	٤٨.٥	٣٩٧.٥
٢٢ ايمن عاطف عبدالمحسن محمد	٤٨.٥	٤٠٣.٥
٢٣ سالم عبده محمود عبد الحميد شلبى	٤٨.٥	٣٧٩
٢٤ اسراء محمد السيد عبد الحميد عثمان	٤٨.٥	٤٠١
٢٥ اسراء محمد السيد عبدالمهدى الوصيفى	٤٨.٥	٣٧٢.٥
٢٦ بسنت السيد محمد موسى قنديل	٤٨.٥	٣٩٣
٢٧ رنا عاطف احمد حبيب الصالحى	٤٨.٥	٣٨٢
٢٨ أمير أنس الأمير فايد	٤٨.٥	٣٩٠
٢٩ عبدالرحمن محمد أحمد مختار	٤٨.٥	٣٧٩.٥
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٣١ هند علاء محمد عبد العاطى حجاج	٤٨	٣٨٨
٣٢ أشرف أسامة عبد المنعم محمد	٤٨	٣٨٨
٣٣ محمود محمد عطوة	٤٨	٣٩٨.٥
٣٤ علياء فكرى عباس جاد العطار	٤٨	٣٨٣.٥



# Unit One

## Vocabulary

### Getting away

السفر - الانصراف  
By: Mr El Sebael Atteya

ecotourism	السياحة البيئية	popular	محبوب/شعبي	forest	الغابة
endangered	مهدد/معرض للانقراض	destination	جهة الوصول	volunteer.	متطوع
isolated	معزول	wildlife	الحياة البرية	hard work	عمل شاق
impact	تأثير/يؤثر في	including	متضمنًا	a remote place	اماكن
unique	فريد/لامثيل له	dragon	التنين	hill	تل
sustainable.	دائم/مستمر	sand	رمال	fortunately	لحسن الحظ
environment	البيئة	reason	سبب	warmer	اكثر دفئا
materials	المواد	bring	تجلب	souvenir	هدية تذكارية
animal	حيوان	rebuild	يعيد بناء	wind	الرياح
beach	شاطيء	path	ممر	blow	تهب
coast	ساحل	eco-tourists	سياح مهتمين	encourage	يشجع
conservation	الحماية/المحافظة	traditional	تقليدي	advantage	ميزة
design	يصمم	introduce	يقدم	together	معا
educate	يعلم/يتقن	laws	قوانين	progress	التقدم
tourist	سياح	increase	يزيد/يزداد	balcony	بلكونة
protect	يحمي	pollution	التلوث	brilliant	لامع/مشرق
ecosystem	النظام البيئي	otherwise	والا	load	يحمل
exist	يوجد	industry	الصناعة	weather	الطقس
anywhere	اي مكان	orangutan	انسان الغاب	spend	يقضى
Lemurs	(الليمور) من القردة	spider	عنكبوت	excited	مثار
Madagascar.	مدغشقر	lean	يميل- ينحني	teenager	مراهق
limited	محدود	swell up	يتورم/ينتفخ	resort	منتجع
develop	يطور/ينمي	trek	يقوم برحلة	relaxing	مريح
The Red Sea	البحر الاحمر	spicy	كثير	amazing	مدهش
friendly	ودود	conservationist	المحافظ على البيئة	underwater	تحت الماء
natural	طبيعي	rainforest	الغابات المطيرة	ancient	قديم/اثرى
avoid	يتجنب	Bite(bit-bitten)	يعض	temple	معبد
damage	يدمر/يتلف	get lost	يضل الطريق/يفقد	actually	فعلا/حقا
coral reefs	الشعب المرجانية	cycle	يركب الدراجة	fascinate	يبهر/يفتن
island	جزيرة	break	يكسر/فسحة	bored	ملان
Ecuador	الاكوادور	crocodile	تمساح	awful	مخيف/مرعب
giant	عملاق/ضخم	grandparents	الاجداد	grandparents	الاجداد
turtle	سلحفاة	arrange	يرتب	village	قرية
make sure	يتأكد	university	الجامعة	tiny	صغير
garden	حديقة منزل	order	يرتب/ترتيب	steal	يسرق
vegetables	خضروات	expensive	غالي	cousin	ابن العم/الخال
lettuce	خس	a bit = a little	قليلا	upset	منزعج/قلق
grow	يزرع/ينمو	airport	مطار	exotic	غريب/غير
maybe	ربما	quiet	هادئ	crowded	مزدحم
programme	برنامج	peaceful	سلمي/هادئ	modern	حديث
expect	يتوقع	Europe	اوروبا	active	نشط
during	خلال	restaurant	مطعم	noisy	مزعج
The locals	السكان المحليين	gardening	الحديقة - التشجير	cure for	علاج لـ
respect	يحترم - احترام	pros and cons	مميزات و عيوب	beauty	جمال
castle	قلعه	clear	واضح - برئ	council	مجلس
create	يخلق - يبدع	cruise ship	سفينة رحلات	disconnected	منفصل - منعزل
plaza	مجمع تجاري - ساحه	resort	منتجع - يلجا الي	resident	نزلي - ساكن

stuck	عالق - مُقيد	sunbathe	يأخذ حمام شمس	support	يؤيد - يساند
sight	منظر - النظر	upset	يزعج	victim	ضحيه

### Definitions

lean	To bend or move from a vertical position	ينحني - يميل
ecotourism	A type of holiday that helps local people and doesn't damage the natural environment.	سياحه الحفاظ علي البيئه
swell up	To become bigger or rounder	يتورم - يتضخم
trek	To make a long or difficult journey on foot	يرتحل علي الاقدام
active	Always busy doing things	نشط
wildlife	Animals and plants that grow indecently of people in natural condition	حياء بريه
endangered	It describes something that in danger of disappearing forever	معرض للخطر
materials	means the things that are used for making or doing something.	مواد
impact	The effect that an action or a person has on someone or something	تأثير
sustainable	An activity that can be repeated because it doesn't harm the environment.	صديق للبيئه
crowded	having many people	مزدحم
exotic	from or in another country	غريب - نادر - اجنبي
isolated	Far away from any others	معزول
scar	A mark on skin from a cut or wound.	ندبه - علامه من جرح
cliff	A steep piece of land or rock	منحدر صخري
conservation	The protection of natural things such as animals, plants, forests, etc. to prevent them from being spoiled or destroyed	حمايه البيئه
sword	A weapon with a long, sharp blade	سيف
peaceful	Not involving a war	مسالم
relaxing	Be less anxious	مريح
volunteer	Someone who visits a place and spends some time doing work that helps the people or the environment there.	متطوع

### Expressions & Prepositions.

be designed to	تم تصميمه لـ	on the balacny	في البلكونه
provide holidays to	يوفر رحلات لـ	take photos	يلتقط صور
educate ..... about	يتعلم ... عن	busy with family	مشغول مع العائله
famous for	مشهور بـ	stuck at home	ملازم - محبوس البيت
anywhere else	في أى مكان آخر	with no shops	ليس به محلات
develop ecotourism	ينمي السياحه البيئيه	walk around	يتجول / يتمشى
along the coasts	على طول السواحل	go to the shops	يذهب للتسوق
sail along the river	يبحر على طول النهر	drive us to ....	يأخذنا بالسياره الى
loads of things	كثير من الأشياء	go down	تغرب الشمس / تنخفض الأسعار
go diving	يذهب للغوص	most of the time	معظم الوقت
stop coming	يتوقف عن القدوم	stop raining	تتوقف عن المطر
care for	يهتم بـ	a bird stole it!	سرقها / خطفها طائر
teach how to	يُعلم كيف ...	introduce new ideas	يقدم أفكار جديده
blow .... off	يدفع ... (بالهواء)	environmentally-friendly	صديق للبيئه
limited impact	تأثير محدود	coral reefs	الشعب المرجانيه
all around the world	في كل أنحاء العالم	the sunrise	شروق الشمس
swell up( swelled- swollen)	يتورم - يتضخم	cure for	علاج لـ
do/cause damage	يسبب تلف	cure of	يعالج من
go trekking into (across -through)	يذهب في رحله	take photos	بصور
natural materials	مواد خام طبيعيه	on the first ( second) day	في اليوم الاول

## Derivatives

## Antonyms

## Synonyms

**aa**

**position** مكانة موضع/ مكانه (صح)  
**site** موقع اثرى/ بناء – الكترونى

Our luggage was checked all the way through to our final destination.  
What is the exact location of the ship.

- **sight** حاسة الإبصار - He lost his sight when he got old.  
- **sights** معالم سياحية - Egypt is full of fantastic sights.

**2-weather** الطقس :- حالة الجو من مطر و رياح و ثلوج في فترة معينة  
**climate** المناخ : فتره طويله من الوقت

- What will the weather be like tomorrow ?  
-The climate of Egypt is fine all the year round

- 3- **endangered** مهدد/معرض للانقراض - The lizards are classed as an endangered species  
**endanger** يعرض للخطر -Smoking endangers your health.  
**danger** خطر - The danger of a fire in the home increases during the holidays.

- 4 - **stay in/at** (يقيم في مكان) - **stay with** (يقيم مع شخص) - **stay for** (يقيم لمدة)  
-It was cold and wet outside so we stayed at home  
- We're going to stay with my grandparents on their farm.

- 5- **go + V. ing** - **go for + a ( noun)**  
-I like to go shopping with my friend. - Let's go for a walk.

- 6- **stop + ( V.ing)** يتوقف عن  
**Stop + to + ( المصدر )** (توقف لكي يفعل شيء)  
-You must stop talking in the class. - Ali **stopped smoking** . He no longer smokes.  
-On his way home , I **stopped to buy** a paper. -  
7- **drive+ شخص to + place** يوصل شخصا بالسيارة - **drive a car** يقود سيارة  
-my father drives me to school every day. I can drive a car

- 8- **see / hear / watch + object + ( v.ing )** Or **inf. مصدر** هذه الافعال ياتي بعد  
-I saw him talking about the Pyramids on TV. عندما ندرك جزء من الحدث  
- I saw him talk about the Pyramids on TV. عندما ندرك الحدث كله

- 9 - **excited** مثار / **interested** مهتم **bored** شاعر بالممل ( غالبا عاقل )  
**-exciting** مثير / **interesting** شيق / **boring** مممل ( غالبا غير عاقل )  
-I'm so excited to visit Egypt.. - I'm bored with my job  
لاحظ ان الصفات التي تنتهي ب **ed** غالبا الاشخاص)) تعود على من يقع عليه الحدث  
اما الصفات التي تنتهي ب **ing** (تعود على من / ما يسبب الحدث او الشعور سواء شيء او شخص

E.g. The match was exciting. - Shikabala is an amazing player.

- 10 - **encourage..** مصدر: على يشجع + **to +** شخص او مفعول  
- My parents encouraged me to study medicine.

- 11 - **famous.... for .....** مشهور بـ \* **famous ..... in .....** مشهور في \* **famous .....as .....** مشهور كـ  
-He is famous for his honesty. -He became famous in Egypt.

- 12 - **remind someone to + inf.** يذكر بشيء أو شخص **# remind+ object + of** يذكر بشيء أو شخص  
-Please remind me to post this letter. -This souvenir reminds me of the last trip.

**- remember** يتذكر/تلقاء نفسه

-I can't remember her phone number. -Remember to take your P.E. clothes to school

**13 - have interest in = be interested in** شيق للأشياء - **interested to + مصدر** - **interested to + مهتم بـ**

They have a great interest in learning English. -They are interested to learn English.  
They are interested in learning English. -The story is very interesting

**14- help** to + inf / inf. مفعول**- help** with + شيء مفعول

She helped women (to) succeed.

He helped me with homework.

**15. lose** يفقد/يخسر / **be lost = get lost = go missing = lose .... way** يضل الطريق

\* I've lost my Exercise book. Please, help me to find it.

\* Three tourists have been lost in the jungle.

**16. some ..... / any ..... / no ..... / every ..... + else:** (آخر)

\* You can't find this product anywhere else. \* Do you want anything else?

**17-such as = like** عند ذكر امثلة لشيء ما + اسم

\* Team sports like (such as) football and basketball are based on teamwork

**18. affect** يؤثر علي**- have a/ an effect (impact) on:** تأثير علي

\* affect يؤثر علي : Pollution affects the environment badly.

\* effect / impact تأثير : We are studying the effects of pollution on the environment.

\* Pollution has a bad effect (impact) on people and the environment.

**19. limit = cut down** يحدد/يقلل / **mark** يحدد/يميز

\* We should limit our use of non-renewable sources of energy.

\* Sham El Nasseem marks the beginning of spring.

20 - **provide with** يزود بـ / The government provides schools with modern sets.

- **provide for** يقدم لـ / The government provides modern sets for schools.

21- **isolated** منعزل / Patients who have infectious diseases should be isolated.

-**insulated** معزول / Electric wires are usually insulated.

22-**protect from** يحمي من / Coral reefs should be protected from damage

23 -**trek** جذع شجرة - **truck** شاحنة - **track** يتعقب - **trick** يخدع - **trek** يذهب في رحلة صعبة

24-Doctors work on **a cure for** cancer يطور

- She **works with** تعمل مع Amira in the pharmacy.

25 - **alone ( on my own – by myself )** بمفردي

- I built the house alone / on my own

26 - **everyday** يومي / Al-Ahram is an **everyday newspaper** - I go to work **every day** كل يوم

27 - **The number** of animals **is** extinct فعل مفرد - **A number** of animals **are** extinct فعل جمع





took photos. We also learnt about other animals, birds and **insects** in the rainforests. Unfortunately, at the end of the first week, a spider **bit** me **while I was sleeping and my are swelled up.**

**Klara** : So what happened?

**Luca** : I had to go to hospital- but as the nearest hospital was 200 km away, I **had to go** by helicopter. I stayed there for a week all alone and then went back to the centre, but **as soon as I got back I was ill.** **One of the tourists** **was** making the dinner that night and he wasn't **a good cook**. He didn't clean the fish **properly** and **everybody was** sick. I'm staying at home this summer.

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### 1-What is ecotourism ?

1- **Ecotourism** is about providing holidays to places which are often **endangered** and **isolated**. The holidays **are designed to** have a limited **impact on** the local **environment** and to educate tourists about **conservation**.

2-**Egypt** is developing ecotourism to protect the environments **along the Red Sea** coast. Tourists can stay in hotels built of environmentally friendly natural materials. When tourists **go diving**, they **are taught** how to **avoid damaging** the fish and corals.

3-**Madagascar** is **famous for** its ecotourism and wants to protect its ecosystem (**the animals and plants in its environment**). 80% of the animals, and 90% of the plants that live there don't **exist** anywhere else in the world. **Lemurs**, for example, only live in **Madagascar**

4-The **Galapagos Islands** in **Ecuador** are famous for the **unique** animals, **such as** the giant turtles which live there. **Ecuador** makes sure that tourism is **sustainable**. Only a limited number of people can visit islands each year, so the animals and their environment are safe

5-The **Komodo** National Park in **Indonesia** is a popular ecotourism destination. Much of Indonesia's endangered wildlife, **including** the Komodo dragon, can only be found here. **The National Park** is also famous for its beach with pink sand.

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**(James)** : This is me on our hotel balcony in **Sharm El-Sheikh**. It's **brilliant** here and there are **loads of** things to do. I'm **over the moon** **visiting** Egypt. The weather's really hot so we spend most of the time in the water. My sister and I are **learning to dive** with some other teenagers **at the resort**. I **love diving**; it's so **relaxing** and you can see all these **amazing fish** in the sea. I want to get an **underwater** camera so I can take photos of them. Last week we were in Luxor and visited the ancient temples there. I'm not usually **interested in** history, but I actually found them fascinating and am really glad we went.

**(Katy)** : Day 10 of my summer holidays! I'm **so bored** – all my friends are away or **busy with** their family and **I'm stuck** here at home. The weather's **awful** and there's nothing to do. Last week I went to **stay with** my grandparents for a few days which was nice, but they live in **a tiny village** with no shops. I was **helping** Granddad **in** his garden most of the time. He grows all his own vegetables – he says it's **cheaper than buying** them. Maybe I'll **try and grow** some **lettuce** in our garden when it **stops raining**. I was watching a programme **onTV** this morning about gardening – maybe I'll have a new hobby!

## Exercises on unit : 1 (Voc.)

### 1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1- ..... is about providing holidays to places which are often endangered.  
a - Ecotourism                      b - Ecology                      c - Economy                      d - Economics
- 2- There are a few pandas left in the world today .Pandas are .....  
a - danger                      b - existence                      c - endangered                      d - dangerous
- 3- He lived in an ..... house. There were no houses beside his.  
a - insulated                      b - isolated                      c - insane                      d - insulation
- 4- Pollution has a bad ..... on the environment.  
a - affect                      b - affection                      c - effects                      d - impact
- 5- Don't worry about the books .The school ..... them for free.  
a - provide                      b - prevent                      c - prohibit                      d - pollute
- 6- The government should care for those with ..... income .  
a - high                      b - limited                      c - affluent                      d - wealthy
- 7- Ecotourism helps tourists to be educated about .....  
a - reservation                      b - preference                      c - conservation                      d - conversation
- 8- Madagascar is famous for its ecotourism and wants to ..... its ecosystem.  
a - protect                      b - damage                      c - destroy                      d - get rid of
- 9- The ..... means the animals and the plants in an environment  
a - system                      b - systematic                      c - ecosystem                      d - systemize
- 10- Madagascar has 80%of the animals and 90% of the plants that don't ..... anywhere  
a - exact                      b - exist                      c - exceed                      d - extract
- 11- ..... only live in Madagascar  
a - Cows                      b - Monkeys                      c - Buffaloes                      d - Lemurs
- 12- Egypt is providing ecotourism to protect the environments ..... the Red Sea  
a - along                      b - a long                      c - long                      d - belong
- 13- Tourists can stay in hotels ..... of environmental friendly natural materials.  
a - are built                      b - building                      c - built                      d - which built
- 14- I want to go to Hurghada because I want to ..... diving in the Red Sea.  
a - play                      b - go                      c - do                      d - make
- 15- He wanted his daughter ..... a happy life.  
a - having                      b - have                      c - to have                      d - had
- 16- Tourists who go diving should avoid damaging the fish and the .....  
a - corals                      b - collars                      c - callers                      d - cooler
- 17- The Galapagos islands in Ecuador are famous for the ..... animals.  
a - quality                      b - equality                      c - unique                      d - lucky
- 18- Ecuador is famous for the unique animals such ..... the giant turtles living there.  
a - like                      b - so                      c - alike                      d - as
- 19- The word "sustainable" is equal in meaning to the word .....  
a - continuous                      b - finished                      c - vanished                      d - disappeared
- 20- Safe is the opposite of .....  
a - security                      b - hazardous                      c - secure                      d - safety
- 21- A limited number of tourists ..... the islands every year.  
a - visit                      b - visits                      c - has visited                      d - have visited
- 22- He didn't use his real name, he used a .....  
a - pen-name                      b - surname                      c - family name                      d - nickname
- 23- The Komodo National park in Indonesia is a popular ecotourism .....  
a - destiny                      b - disaster                      c - destination                      d - destruction
- 24- The Komodo ..... is only found in the National Park in Indonesia.  
a - elephant                      b - dragon                      c - turtle                      d - lion
- 25- In the past our houses were made from mud bricks and primitive .....  
a - materials                      b - matters                      c - mutiny                      d - matron
- 26- Much of Indonesia's ....., including the Komodo dragon can only be found there.

- a - happy life                      b - good life                      c - wildlife                      d - tame
- 27- We always take ..... to answer the questions.
- a - after                      b - turns                      c - place                      d - to
- 28- The National Park is also famous for its beach with its pink .....
- a - dress                      b - scarf                      c - jeans                      d - sand
- 29- There are many ..... animals in the world which we should save
- a - endangered                      b - dangerous                      c - danger                      d - dangerously
- 30- Some animals live in ..... parts and people never see them.
- a - insulated                      b - isolated                      c - near                      d - nearby
- 31- The tourist industry has had a big ..... on the local town.
- a - packet                      b - infect                      c - packed                      d - impact
- 32- The natural world around us is the .....
- a - environment                      b - wildlife                      c - material                      d - destination
- 33- The opposite of "wild" is .....
- a - team                      b - worse                      c - domestic                      d - evil
- 34- It is important to use only local ..... when you build an eco-hotel.
- a - tile                      b - mattress                      c - material                      d - molar
- 35- The Komodo dragon is ..... to Indonesia . It doesn't live anywhere else.
- a - sustainable                      b - unique                      c - equal                      d - antique
- 36- ..... is for people who want a holiday which respects the environment.
- a - Industry                      b - Agriculture                      c - Culture                      d - Ecotourism
- 37- We need to make sure that tourism here is ..... otherwise people will stop coming
- a - sustainable                      b - suspend                      c - summon                      d - secret
- 38- Why do you think the ..... disappearing from the natural world.
- a - water                      b - orange                      c - orangutan                      d - organs
- 39- The ..... give food to the orangutan.
- a - conversations                      b - conservation                      c - national                      d - conservationists
- 40- Her arm was beginning to ..... up where the bee had stung her.
- a - swell                      b - swing                      c - sew                      d - suit
- 41- I hate having to ..... up that hill with all the groceries.
- a - truck                      b - trek                      c - trick                      d - trunk
- 42- Don't ..... out of the window or you will fall.
- a - lean                      b - lane                      c - lend                      d - lure
- 43- I prefer having my chicken .....
- a - spices                      b - species                      c - spicy                      d - speck
- 44- The ..... is an animal like a large monkey with no tail with long arms.
- a - orangutan                      b - buffalo                      c - cheetah                      d - monkey
- 45- The nearest hospital is ..... to the orangutan centre.
- a - open                      b - close                      c - shut                      d - opener
- 46- The fire in the Amazon ..... will contribute to the increase of global warming.
- a - rain                      b - gardens                      c - fields                      d - rainforests
- 47- To be ..... is to be both a volunteer and a tourist.
- a - volunteer                      b - tour                      c - tour guide                      d - voluntourist
- 48- It is brilliant here and there are ..... of things to do.
- a - loads                      b - leads                      c - much                      d - little
- 49- I am so ..... to go to Sharm El-Sheikh with my family.
- a - exciting                      b - fascinating                      c - excited                      d - boring
- 50- Which summer ..... you'd like to spend your holiday in?
- a - sort                      b - resort                      c - climate                      d - weather
- 51- I love diving ; It is so ..... and you can see all these amazing fish.
- a - relaxing                      b - relaxed                      c - galaxy                      d - relax
- 52- I want to get an underwater camera so I can ..... photos of these fish.
- a - look                      b - eat                      c - take                      d - book
- 53- How did you find the ancient temples. I found them .....



- a - relaxing                      b - excited                      c - glad                      d - fascinating
- 54- I am so bored , All my friends are away and I am ..... here at home.
- a - stick                      b - stuck                      c - lock                      d - strike
- 55- I'll try and grow some ..... in our garden when it stops raining.
- a - Pasta                      b - cream                      c - lettuce                      d - noodles
- 56- The countryside is quiet and .....
- a - awful                      b - peaceful                      c - dreadful                      d - terrifying
- 57- At 5.00 pm, we sailed along the river to see the sun going .....
- a - up                      b - over                      c - under                      d - down
- 58- I can't stand living near to a railway station as it is too .....
- a - quiet                      b - noisy                      c - relaxing                      d - peaceful
- 59- She travels to all kinds of ..... exotic locations all over the world.
- a - exotic                      b - oxide                      c - excited                      d - fascinated
- 60- It is important to keep ..... in an emergency.
- a - noisy                      b - nervous                      c - calm                      d - boring
- 61-The Galapagos Islands in Ecuador are famous ..... the unique animals.
- a. about                      b. to                      c. in                      d. for
- 62-Researchers are ..... technology for the US military
- a. making                      b. encouraging                      c. developing                      d. increasing
- 63- The Komodo National Park in Indonesia is a popular ecotourism.....
- a- site                      b- location                      c- destination                      d- station
- 64-You'll need a variety of skills, ..... leadership and negotiating
- a- including                      b- containing                      c- consisting                      d- enclosing
- 65-Have you been ..... as interesting as Alexandria?
- a- somewhere                      b- everywhere                      c- anywhere                      d- nowhere
- 66-Many thousands have ..... from the new treatment.
- a) afforded                      b) admired                      c) suffered                      d) benefited
67. We ..... diving on the coral reef.
- a) did                      b) played                      c)went                      d) made
68. On school trips, the older children care..... the younger ones.
- a) of                      b) with                      c) on                      d) for
- 69-We need to .... people so that they understand the importance of a good, healthy diet.
- a- educate                      b- know                      c- learn                      d-admire
- 70-We must try to find a..... solution to the conflict.
- a. peace                      b. peaceful                      c. peacefully                      d. pace
- 71-We're hoping to .....away to Scotland for a few days
- a-arrive                      b-take                      c. run                      d. get
- 72-We sailed along the river to see the sun ..... down
- a-went                      b-going                      c-to go                      d-goes
- 73-The afternoon is then yours to explore this ..... city.
- a-fascinating                      b-fascinated                      c-fascinate                      d-fascination
- 74-It is important to encourage environmental ..... and awareness
- a- conversion                      b-conversation                      c-conservation                      d-condensation
- 75- Physical exercise can ..... you against heart disease.
- a-provide                      b-prevent                      c-produce                      d-protect
- 76- My uncle decided to take us to a restaurant ..... lunch
- a-to                      b-for                      c-on                      d-in
- 77-For five days he .....across the mountains of central China
- a-ticked                      b-tricked                      c-treked                      d-tracked
- 78-Siwa in a/an .....part of the country, about 750 kilometres west of Cairo.
- a-abroad                      b-aboard                      c-nearby                      d-remote
- 79-There has been a .....in the population of the city. It was smaller ten years ago.
- a less                      b decrease                      c grow                      d increase

- 80-A.....is someone who does a job willingly without being paid  
a-conservationist      b-tourist      c-volunteer      d-donor
- 81-In bad weather, the wind often ..... my hat onto the ground.  
a-Feels      b-falls      c-blows      d-drives
- 82-I added ginger and cumin to give the rice a ..... flavour  
a-spice      b-specify      c-spiky      d-spicy
83. .... a limited number of people can visit islands each year.  
a. Lonely      b. Only      c. Alone      d. Lone
84. Much of Indonesia's endangered ..... can only be found here.  
a. long life      b. wildlife      c. lifetime      d. deadline
85. It's ..... to learn about new places.  
a. interesting      b. interest      c. interested      d. interests
- 86-I have a lot of homework to do and I'm ..... here at home doing it.  
a. shock      b. suck      c. struck      d. stuck
- 87-He was ..... on the bridge, watching the boats go by.  
a. training      b. leaning      c. loaning      d. hiring
88. People should use ..... friendly building materials.  
a. environmental      b. environment      c. environmentally      d. environments
89. When tourists go diving, they are ..... how to avoid damaging the fish and corals.  
a. learned      b. studied      c. taught      d. brought
90. Pollution has a bad impact ..... people and the environment.  
a. on      b. at      c. in      d. with
- 91-Divers enjoy the ..... colors of the coral fishes.  
a. exotic      b. toxic      c. shocking      d. violent
- 92 – My grandparents live in a very.....village, so we rarely visit them.  
a – insulated      b – near      c – isolated      d – natural
- 93– His arm.....up because a mosquito bit him.  
a – swallowed      b – swelled      c – stayed      d – sweated
- 94 – Teachers must explain lessons.....to their students.  
a – probably      b – possibly      c – properly      d - proper
- 95 – Earthquakes and volcanoes are natural.....which are unpredictable.  
a – disasters      b – incidents      c – distracters      d - disciplines
- 96 – Passengers' .....is searched at the border before being allowed to enter another country.  
a – luggage      b – cookies      c – leakage      d – luger
- 97 - .....is the business of arranging holidays to natural places that are isolated or endangered.  
a – Destination      b – Destiny      c – Density      d – Ecotourism
- 98 – My son was hit by his classmate while playing football, so his ankle.....up.  
a – existed      b – swelled      c – suspended      d – surrounded
- 99 – We arrived at the station late, but.....the train was delayed.  
a – unluckily      b – unfortunately      c – lucky      d – fortunately
- 100 - .....is animals and plants growing in natural conditions.  
A – Wildlife      b – Coral reef      c – Conservation      d – Preservation
- 101 – The synonym of the word "giant" is.....  
a – unique      b – sustainable      c – massive      d – endangered
- 102 – Someone whose age is between 13 and 19 is called a.....  
a – volunteer      b – tourist      c – teenager      d – ecologist
- 103 – Luxor is famous for its ancient.....which tourist like to visit.  
a – trumpets      b – samples      c – temples      d – tempers
- 104 – She is over eighty, but she is still.....She does all her housework by herself.  
a – active      b – crowded      c – relaxing      d – dead
- 105 – Messi, Ronaldo and Mo Salah are .....footballers. They score awesome goals.  
a – upset      b – brilliant      c – foolish      d – boring
- 106 – All the assistants are very busy now because the mall is .....with customers.

- a – crowded      b – relaxing      c – exotic      d – exciting  
 107 – I can't go on watching this film. It is extremely.....  
 a – bored      b – boring      c – fascinating      d – peaceful  
 108 – Hurghada is a really.....city. we all like going there.  
 a – amazing      b – amazed      c – amaze      d – amazingly  
 109 - .....is a round vegetable with thin green leaves eaten raw in salad.  
 a – Lettuce      b – Coconut      c – Walnut      d – Hazelnut  
 110 – The antonym of the word " beautiful " is.....  
 a – pretty      b – smart      c – ugly      d – handsome  
 111 – The weather was.....yesterday. I couldn't sleep at all.  
 a – pleasant      b – awful      c – relaxing      d – expensive

## Grammar

### THE PAST SIMPLE TENSE      الماضي البسيط

- 1- يعبر الماضي البسيط عن حدث انتهى في الماضي في وقت محدد  
 - She **visited** London in 2010.      - I **was** in Alexandria a month ago.  
 - At the age of seven, my parents **took** me to Jordan.  
 2- يستخدم الماضي البسيط للتعبير عن حدثين متتابعين في الماضي .  
 - When he **had** an idea, he **wrote** a short story.  
 - I **went** to the park and **met** my friends.  
 3- يعبر عن عادة في الماضي و غير مستمرة الآن.  
 - I **played** tennis every day **when I was** younger.  
 - I **always ate** breakfast before I **went** to school.  
 - She **cooked** lunch **every day last week**.  
 4- يعبر عن الحقائق الماضية وعن الأفعال المنتهية (الموتى) وعن الحدث الثاني :  
 - Shakspeare **wrote** Hamlet      - Columbus **discovered** America.  
 - ملحوظة هامة : نستخدم الماضي البسيط وليس الماضي المستمر إذا كان الفعل يعبر عن حالة. ( be )  
 - I **saw** Ali **while** he **was** at the sports club.      (NOT: was being)  
 5- يعبر عن سرد الأحداث في الماضي مع : first, then, next , at last, finally, .....  
 - Ali **found** a bag ,then he **went** to the police station.  
 6- يستخدم لوصف حدث استمر لفترة في الماضي ولكنه غير موجود الآن  
 - She **lived in Tokyo for seven years**.  
 - They **were** in London from Monday to Thursday of last week.  
 7- في الحالة الثانية من (If) الشرطية.  
 - **If** he **helped** us, we **would win**.  
 8- يستخدم مع التعبيرات الآتية ليعبر عن أحداث مستبعدة أو مستحيلة الحدوث في المضارع أو المستقبل.

- 1- I wish + فاعل + ماضي بسيط      ماضي بسيط  
 - I wish mum wasn't ill.      - I wish the Egyptian team played well.  
 2- It's time + فاعل + ماضي بسيط      ماضي بسيط  
 - It's time he paid the bill.      - It is time father arrived.  
 2- I 'd rather + فاعل + ماضي بسيط      ماضي بسيط  
 - I would rather she helped him.      - I'd rather Ali didn't come.

يستخدم الماضي البسيط مع الكلمات الآتية:

yesterday - ago - last... - in the past - once / once upon a time      ذات مرة      one day - in

2007 – from + سنة + to + سنة – When I was.....

- How long ago = When - for

- I last ate fish when I was in Alex.

**used to + inf. اعتاد أن**

يستخدم للتعبير عن التناقض بين العادات أو المواقف في الماضي والحاضر :

- I **used to eat** breakfast before I **went** to school.
- He **used to swim** every day. Now he **doesn't** ( swim ).
- He **used to be** late all the time. Now, he **isn't** ( late ).

**didn't use to + مصدر**

وفي حالة النفي نستخدم:

- I **didn't use to** play computer games, but now I do.

**did + use to + فاعل**

وفي حالة السؤال نستخدم:

- Did you use to walk to school? - Where did you use to live?

يستخدم **no longer** بدلا من **used to** ويأتي بعدها الفعل في المضارع البسيط:

- He used to smoke. = He no longer smokes.

يستخدم **any more / any longer** بدلا من **used to** مع نفي الفعل في المضارع البسيط وتأتي في نهاية الجملة:

- He used to smoke. = He doesn't smoke any more.

**used to = It was my habit to ..... / I was in / got the habit of .....**

كما يمكن التعبير عن عادة في الماضي باستخدام **(was / were used to v.ing)**.

- I **was used to eating** breakfast before I **went** to school.

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**THE PAST CONTINUOUS TENSE الماضي المستمر****Form**

**was / were + V. ing.....**

- Ali (he) **was reading** a story. - Aya and Heba (They) **were cooking** lunch.

1- يستخدم الماضي المستمر للتعبير عن حدث كان مستمرا لفترة أو في وقت محدد في الماضي

- **Between six and half past six this morning**, I **was having** breakfast.
- Tarek **was eating** dinner **at noon yesterday**.
- I **was travelling** to Cairo **at eight o'clock ( yesterday ) this morning**.

يستخدم الماضي المستمر مع الكلمات الآتية :

- **all day yesterday = the whole day** عندما - **when** في اللحظة التي - **just as** بينما - **as** بينما **While** بينما **as** بينما **just as** بينما **when** في اللحظة التي - **all the time** طوال اليوم **yesterday** طوال الوقت - **yesterday morning / at noon**

2- يستخدم الماضي المستمر مع كلمات مثل **(While / when / As / Just as)** للتعبير عن حدث كان مستمرا في الماضي قطعه حدث أخر في الماضي البسيط

**1-While / As / When / Just as** (فاعل) ماضي مستمر , ماضي بسيط (الحدثان تقاطعا)

While I **was sleeping**, a thief **entered** the house.

= As I **was sleeping**, a thief **entered** the house.

- يستخدم الماضي المستمر مع **While / when / As / Just as** للتعبير عن حدثين كانا مستمرين في نفس الوقت في الماضي

**2-(While / As / When / Just as) ... ماضي مستمر ... ماضي مستمر ...** (الحدثان لم يتقاطعا)

**-(While / As / Just as)** my mother **was making** the dinner, I **was looking after** my sister.

- **While** I **was studying**, my father **was reading**.

- **While** she **was walking** in the street, she **met** one of her old friends.

- إذا لم يأتي بعد **while** فاعل يأتي بعدها **(v.ing)**

- **While playing**, I fell down.

**Choose**

- **While** (playing – he was playing ) football, he scored a goal.

- **While** (playing – he was playing ) football, Ali was studying English.

- يمكن استخدام **during** بدلا من **while** و يأتي بعدها **noun**

- **While** he **was playing** the game, he got hurt.



- **During the game**, he got hurt. = - He got hurt during the game.
- **During the party**, I met an old friend.
- **During my lunchtime**, the phone rang.



**When** (فاعل) ماضى مستمر , ماضى بسيط  
**When** (فاعل) ماضى بسيط , ماضى مستمر

يمكن أن يأتي بعد **when** ماضى بسيط ثم ماضى مستمر أو العكس حسب المعنى :

- I was studying **English** when the **lights** went out.
- The **lights** went out when I was studying **English**.
- When I was having a **shower** , the **phone** rang

يمكن أن يكون الحدثين مع **when** فى الماضى البسيط :

- يمكن أن يكون الحدثين مع **when** فى الماضى البسيط إذا كانا متتابعين و لم يقطع احدهما الآخر

- **When** he **arrived** , he **found** the door locked.

- يمكن استخدام **On** بدلا من **when** و يأتي بعدها **V. ing** أو اسم

- **On arriving / his arrival**, he **found** the door locked.

-الفعل بعد **and** يأخذ نفس شكل الفعل الذي يسبقها:

- He **was writing** a letter **and listening** to some music.

□ لاحظ عدم استخدام **to Be** فى الماضى المستمر:

- **While / When** I **was** at school, I **worked** to a plan.



يمكن أن يأتي بعد **because** ماضى مستمر و الفعل الآخر ماضى بسيط :

- Magdy **couldn't hear** the phone **because** he **was having** a shower.



بـ عادة لا نستخدم الماضى المستمر مع الأفعال التى تصف حالة، شعور، حاسة، رأى، فهم، ادراك ، ملكية ولكن نستخدم معها ماضى بسيط لأنها تعبر عن حالة ثابتة ودائمة :

- لاحظ عدم استخدام الأفعال الدالة على الحالة فى الماضى المستمر.

- She (**seemed – was seeming**) ill when I **visited** her.
- While I **was** at home, someone **knocked** on the door. (NOT: **was being**)

لاحظ : لا يستخدم **V.To.Be** فى الاستمرار ولكن نكتفى بـ **was / were** فقط .

أفعال الحواس قد تأتي فى الاستمرار إذا جاءت بمعنى مؤقت ومتغير مثل:

- Where are you? - **I'm tasting** the food. – Why **are you smelling** the food?



- هي مجموعة من الكلمات تبدأ بـ (**V.ing**) و تستخدم بدلا من جملة كاملة مبنية للمعلوم.

- **As Sara was walking** to town yesterday, she saw two of her friends.
- **Walking to town** yesterday, Sara saw two of her school friends.
- **As Rami was running down** the road, he fell over and hurt his back.
- **Running down the road** , Rami fell over and hurt his back



## Mr El Sebaei Grammar Exercises تمارين الوحدة الأولى Mr El Sebaei

- 1- I (**have seen – saw – would see – was seen**) him a few days ago.
- 2- (**Are – Is – Did – Does**) you use to play with dolls?
- 3- I once used to ..... the newspaper every day. Now I don't have the time.  
a) **reading**      b) **read**      c) **was reading**      d) **had read**
- 4- My last e-mail (**send – was sending – has sent – was sent**) to six of my friends
- 5- I (**had gone – have gone – went – go**) to the museum in 2015.
- 6- She (**writes – has written – wrote – will write**) poetry for 7 years, but now she writes novels.

- 7- When she (is – was – was being – has been) seven, she wrote a poem which won a prize.
- 8- This film (directed – had directed – was directed – was directing) by Thomas Wilson.
- 9- My mother made me a cake. It ( was tasting -tasted - would taste - had tasted) of lemons.
- 10- It was dark when we reached the beach because the sun ..... down.  
a) was going      b) has gone      c) had gone      d) went
- 11- At the age of seven, my parents (are taking- took- take-were taking) me to Jordan.
- 12 -He ( gave-was given- has given- had given ) a prize for a drawing of an animal.
- 13 -What games did you ( using - used-are used- use) to play with your friends?
- 14 -He ( didn't use to -isn't used to -used to -uses to) need much sleep, but he does now
- 15-Our block of flats (was built - build – has been built – was building) five years ago.
- 16-I (was starting – have started – am starting – started) this school in 2016.
- 17-When I was younger, I used (to play - play – playing – played) tennis with my friend
- 18-He used to be a driver but nowadays he ( doesn't – wasn't – isn't – didn't ).
- 19- At six o'clock yesterday, I (was watching - am watching – have been watching – watch) TV.
- 20- What ..... when I called you? You sounded very busy.  
4- a) did you do      b) do you do      c) had you done      d) were you doing
- 21- While she ..... her homework, my sister was listening to music.  
6- a) did      b) was doing      c) is doing      d) would do
- 22- Yesterday evening, we .....for our English test when all the lights went out.  
a) had revised      b) were revising      c) revised      d) revising
- 23- What ..... at eight o'clock yesterday evening?  
a) were you doing      b) did you do      c) you were doing      d) do you do
- 24-Someone phoned me while I ( cook-was cooked-was cooking-am cooking ) the dinner .
- 25-While my car....., I went shopping. (was mending -was being mended -had mended)
- 26-While my mother was doing the washing up, my baby sister ..... after.  
a) was looking      b) has been looked      c) was being looked      d) had looked
- 27- While ( played -playing -was playing -had played ) football , he fell down.
- 28-While finishing one story, he ( thinks-was thinking- thought) of another one  
a) thinks      b) is thinking      c) was thinking      d) has thought
- 29- The washing machine (delivered - delivers – was delivered – had delivered) while I was reading the newspaper.
- 30- While I (have come – were coming – was coming – had come) to school today, I saw an old friend.
- 31-Nesma first (met – was meeting-had met-meets) her friend when she was at primary school.
- 32.The writer wrote his first story when he (was being-was-has been-had been ) at university.
33. Crossing the street , he .....on the ice and broke his arm.  
a) was slipping      b) slipped      c) had slipped      d) was slipped
34. (On- Without- Despite-While) seeing the accident, the motorists drove more carefully.
- 35-The room (was cleaning – was being cleaned – would clean) when the earthquake happened.
- 36-Omar was ( cycles -cycling -has cycled -cycled ) across the Sahara last year.
- 37 Salma ..... around Indonesia when she broke her leg.  
a. travelled      b. was travelling      c. travels      d.is travelling
- 38 We ( see -are seen -were seeing -saw ) some beautiful fish in the Red Sea.
- 39 My cousin ..... in Costa Rica as a child because my uncle was a biologist  
a. lives      b. lived      c. were living      d.is living
- 40 The tourists ..... swimming in the sea. It was too dirty!  
a. don't enjoy      b. won't enjoy      c. weren't enjoying      d. didn't enjoy
- 41 What ..... when I took photos of the crocodiles?  
a. did you do      b. were you doing      c. you were doing      d. have you done
- 42 My grandparents never .....a holiday last summer.  
a. had      b. have      c. were having      d.are having
- 43 Jake .....to visit Madagascar before he started university.  
a. was arranging      b. arranged      c. arranges      d.is arranging
- 44-While I ..... on the islands, I talked to the people who live there about life  
a. worked      b. works      c. was working      d.-had worked
- 45-I was leaning out of the boat when I ..... my camera.  
a. dropped      b. has dropped      c. was dropping      d.-drop

46) The writer wrote his first story when he ..... at university.

a. was being      b. had been      c. was      d. has been

47- Ahmed's grandmother ..... ill when he visited her yesterday.

a was seeming      b had seemed      c seemed      d has seemed

48- While ..... Egypt, tourists enjoy sightseeing.

a) visiting      b) was visiting      c) visited      d) was visited

49-When was the last time that you ..... your cousins?

a have seen      b seeing      c saw      d see

50-Ali always .....to work when he was young.

a-walked      b-walks      c-is walking      d-was walking

51- Hassan couldn't answer the phone because he .....his father's car

a washed      b was washing      c had washed      d has washed

52-While she was studying, I .....television.

a-watched      b-watching      c-will watch      d-was watching

53-I didn't answer the phone because I .....

a-was praying      b- had prayed      c-have prayed      d-prayed.

54-Walaa .....down the stairs this morning and broke her leg.

a) was fallen      b) fall      c) fell      d) have fallen

55-On seeing the fire, the man ..... the fire brigade.

a. had called      b. was called      c. was calling      d. called

56. In the past, people ..... travel on camels.

a. are used to      b. used      c. used to      d. didn't us

57. I ..... my lessons between 6 and 8 o'clock yesterday.

a. am revising      b. was revising      c. revise      d. revise

58 .While he ..... a student, he was writing short stories. .

a. has been      b. was being      c. was      d. is

59-I'd rather Nada ..... her mother at the club.

a. is meeting      b. meets      c. met      d. had met

60- ..... my sleep, I had a bad dream.

a. While      b. When      c. During      d. As

61. .... I got to the stadium, the football game was over.

a. During      b. While      c. On      d. When

62. Yesterday, I ..... a play at 10 o'clock.

a. have watched      b. was watching      c. was watched      d. watched

### 1- Choose the Two (2) correct answers out of the Five (5) options given:

1. This bird is exotic. It is unusual and rarely seen here." The antonym of the word 'exotic' is .....

a. familiar      b. strange      C. rare      d. foreign      e. conventional

2. Be careful! The forest is full of giant snakes." The synonym of the word 'giant' is .....

a. tiny      b. huge      C. small      d. gigantic      e. minute

3. "Our car broke down and we had a long trek." The word 'trek' here is a synonym of .....

a. fishing      b. hike      c. losing      d. fabricating      e. journey

4. .Ancient is to .....as boring is to exciting.

a. excited      b. new      C. modern      d. new      e. tiny

5. "He lives in an isolated area." The word 'isolated' can be replaced by.....

a. close      b. nearby      C. remote      d. neighbouring      e. faraway

6. ".Exotic birds are seen here in winter." In this sentence, the word 'exotic' is a synonym of.....

a. native      b. unusual      C. unconventional      d. foreign      e. original

7- My father is the guardian of my uncle's sons after his death. The synonyms of " guardian are...

a. trustee      b. attacker      c. keeper      d. rescuer      e. sender

8. He covered his head with a paper to protect it from rain. The word " protect" means.....

a, smash      b. guard      c. secure      d. destroy      d. reserve

9. My brother's leg has swollen up. The antonyms of swollen up are.....

a.increase      b. contract      c. enlarge      d. decrease      e.rise

10. There toys are safe for my children. The word" safe" means.....

a. dangerous      b. risky      c.secure      d. harmful      e. preserve

## Advanced Exercises on unit ( 1 )

### 1-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d

1. Someone next door... heavy metal music all night long. I didn't get a wink of sleep.  
a. was playing      b. has played      c. had been played      **b. has been playing**
2. Although the police suspected him, he was able to prove that he.....when the crime was committed.  
a. was working      b. worked      c. had worked      **d. had been working**
3. When I was in Sharm El-Sheikh, I .....a lof.  
a. have sunbathed      b. was sunbathing      c. would sunbathe      **d. sunbathed**
- 4..... reaching the airport, Ali found out that he had left one of his suitcases at home.  
a. On      b. While      c. When      **d. Despite**
- 5- While ..... the new plan, Sami noticed that it was too long.  
a. revise      b. revising      c. revises      **d. revised**
6. While I .....home, I saw soe of my friends.  
a. walking      b. was walking      c. had walked      **d. walk**
- 7.....feeling the pain of the injection, she gave a spontaneous cry.  
a. After      b. In      c. Before      **d. On**
- 8.I'd rather you..... this car. It's a bargain.  
a. buy      b. will buy      c. bought      **d. to buy**
- 9-My dad( was going-had gone-went-used to ) on business trips to Japan four times last year.
- 10- During..... to school, I saw some students quarrelling fiercely.  
a) my walk      b) was walking      c) walks      **d) walking**
- 11-Yesterday, we were discussing the new project and( have-had-having-being having ) a good time.
- 12- I( used to-didn't use to -was used to -was using ) the cold weather of Russia.
- 13-Our school have more equipment than they( used to- used to be-was used to -uses )
14. What time. ....yesterday morning?  
a. you got up      b. were you getting up      c. did you get      **d. had you got**
15. No one even noticed when I arrived home. They..... the final match on TV.  
a. have been watching      b. had been watching      c. were watching      **d. d. had watched**
- 17.I..... .. the cold weather of Canada.  
a. used to      b. didn't use to      c. was used to      **d. was using**
18. Lung diseases are some of the problems pollution ..... .  
a. protects      b. brings      c. has      **d. takes**
19. Never interrupt us while the meeting is ..... progress.  
a. for      b. with      c. on      **d. in**
20. .... is the air, water, and land on Earth, which is affected by man's activities.  
a. Orangutang      b. Orangutan      c. Environment      **d. The environment**
21. Children need to be brought up in a warm family ..... .  
a. island      b. Sahara      c. environment      **d. weather**
22. My first teacher has ..... a long-term impact on my life.  
a. made      b. done      c. impacted      **d. protected**
23. The feeling of.... is something unbearable, especially when you are sociable.  
a. company      b. isolation      c. impact      **d. overcrowding**
- 24.Thoughts ..... in on me and I found it was impossible to sleep.  
a. encouraged      b. isolated      c. crowded      **d. endangered**
- 25.This is a/an ..... type of plant here in England. It is common in tropical areas only.  
a. conventional      b. exotic      c. sociable      **d. spicy**
26. My granddad sat down on his armchair before .... his stick against the wall.  
a. impacting      b. isolating      c. crowding      **d. leaning**
27. Some relations are now based on ..... benefit. People usually think how they can benefit from you.  
a. material      b. spiritual      c. religious      **d. emotional**
28. He always adds ..... to our journeys with his funny comments.  
a. treks      b. spices      c. spice      **d. isolation**
29. That picture is very beautiful, but this one is ..... There's nothing like it.  
a. uniquer      b. more unique      c. as unique      **d. unique**
30. A successful programme presenter never fails to .....his viewers' interest.  
a. endanger      b. sustain      c. trek      **d. distract**



31. Fruit sellers should ..... rotten fruit from the fruit that is good.

a. endanger      b. crowd      c. isolate      d. benefit

32. The police won't believe you unless you have a ..... evidence.

a. local      b. material      c. spicy      d. sustainable

19. Because of the heavy rain, some old buildings ..... serious damage.

a. sustained      b. fell      c. dropped      d. swelled

20. When the teacher entered the class, the pupils who ..... a lot of noise soon became calm.

a. were making      b. were being made      c. were doing made      d. were made

22. While climbing onto the mountain top, I ..... a strange animal.

a. was seen      b. saw      c. was seeing      d. had seen

23. .... sleeping, I had a nightmare.

a. While      b. As      c. When      d. During

24. I ..... to take the exam, so I postponed it.

a. didn't be      b. don't be      c. wasn't      d. am

25. .... at home when the fire started?

a. Were you      b. You were      c. Did you be      d. You were

26. .... a nice time in the countryside?

a. Had you      b. You had      c. Did you have      d. Were you had

27. I'd call you if I ..... any news.

a. have      b. am had      c. had      d. was had

28. I wish I ..... a better time.

a. have      b. had had      c. was had      d. had

29. I wish I ..... a better time last year.

a. have      b. had had      c. was had      d. had

30. It's time you ..... back my camera.

a. gave      b. give      c. is given      d. was given

31. I'd rather ..... here than in Cairo.

a. live      b. lives      c. lived      d. had lived

32. I'd rather I ..... here than in Cairo.

a. live      b. lives      c. lived      d. had lived

33. Every day. I ..... my uncle when he was ill.

a. am visited      b. visit      c. was visited      d. visited

31. .... touching the hot pan, Sama cried in pain.

a. While      b. On      c. When      d. During

42. While I ..... at home, I helped my mother.

a. was being      b. had been      c. had      d. was

47. Mustafa ..... smokes. He stopped it years ago.

a. used to      b. no longer      c. any more      d. doesn't

### TEST ONE

1- Choose the Two (2) correct answers out of the Five (5) options given:

1. My sister is a sociable person. She has a lot of friends. The antonyms of " sociable are.....

a. breakable      b. exotic      c. isolated      d. sustainable      d. risky

2. My uncle lives in an isolated town in the desert. " Isolated means.....

a. remote      b. massive      c. modern      d. faraway

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- ( As – While – During – When ) the film , I fell asleep.

2- While ( do-would do-had done- doing ) some business in London, he met his friend.

3- ( While-When-During-As ) my brother was twelve, he went to work in an office.

4- I didn't hear the mobile because I ( had- was having- have – had had ) a shower.

5- Our Prophet Mohammed was a/an ( important – interesting – unique – ordinary ) person.

6- Tourists like ( tourism – tours – economy – ecotourism ) as it's good for the environment.

7- While he was working as a journalist, he( wrote – writes- was writing – writing ) stories.

8- Children like eating ( spicy – sugary – candy – sweet ) chips .

9- The factors of production are workers , capital and raw ( food – clothes – materials – ice).

10 The thief had a frightening ( scarce- scar-scan-scale ) in his face.

- 11-( On – While – As – When ) arriving home I realised that I had lost my keys  
 12-My wounds had ( trekked – swollen – relaxed – bored ) after being stung by a spider  
 13- The film was so ( nice – fine – boring – interesting ) so many people left before its end  
 14- ( Conservationists – Actors – Fans –Folks ) work hard to save endangered wildlife .  
 15-Egypt tries hard to make tourism ( is – was – be – to be ) sustainable.  
 16-I added ginger and cumin to give the rice a (-spice-specify -spiky –spicy) flavor

**-Read the following , then answer the questions:- (10 Marks)**

Plants have been used for treating illnesses since primitive times. Paintings in the tombs of the pharaohs show that plants were being used by the Ancient Egyptians for medical purposes. Today, some modern drugs are still based on natural herbs. Aspirin, for example, is based on the bark of the willow tree.

Natural remedies are attracting increasing attention all over the world. The advantage of herbal medicine is that the whole of the plant can be used. The powerful substance in the plant cures the illness while the contents of the rest of the plant may help to prevent any harmful side effects. In this way, herbal medicines may be safer than chemical ones. Garlic is just one herb that has been used throughout the world as a cure for diseases as it is used to treat hair problems. Similarly, henna, which is known to be good for the hair, can also be used in the treatment of cancer.

If you pay a visit to a herbalist shop in Cairo, you will be struck by the different colours and smells. There are jars full of tree barks, roots, powders, oils and spices. The customer enters the shop and explains his symptoms to the herbalist, who will take notes, study medical reports and check his reference books before writing out a prescription.

Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

- 1-Natural remedies are attracting attention because they.....  
 a) are used in Egypt                      b-have no side effects  
 c-are exported from Egypt      d-can treat few diseases
- 2- Garlic is an example of.....  
 a- natural remedies                      b-artificial herbs  
 c- chemical medicines                      d-modern drugs
- 3-.....is a physical condition that shows you may have a particular disease.  
 a- prescription      b- symptom      c-property                      d-remedy
- 4-A herbalist writes out a prescription ..... checking his reference books.  
 a) during                      b- after                      c-before                      d- while
- 5-The pronoun "his" in the last paragraph refers to the.....  
 a-herbalist                      b- shop                      c-customer                      d-prescription
- 6-What is common between garlic and henna? They are.....  
 a) Taking care of cancer                      b- side effects  
 c-taking care of hair                      d-chemical treatment
- 7-We knew that pharaohs had much interest about plants through.....  
 a-photos      b- paintings                      c-herbs                      d- garlic
- 8-The world ..... the natural remedies nowadays.  
 a- doesn't care      b-refuses                      c-neglects                      d- is interested in
- 9-The word, in the passage, which is similar in meaning to " merit" is .....  
 a-primitive                      b-herbal                      c-advantage                      d-symptoms
- 10-Cancer is a .....  
 a-powder                      b- bark                      c-remedy                      d-disease

**A-Translate into English: - (3 Marks)**

1. Education plays an important role and it is an investment in the future of any country  
 2- Traffic problems are not unique to our country. They occur in many other countries as well.

**1) Translate into English:**

من الضروري أن نربي جيلا قويا يدرك مشكلات بلاده وكيفية حلها.

**5) Write an essay of about 150 words on one only of the following topics:**

- A) Team work.

# Unit Two

## Vocabulary

Supporting the community  
دعم المجتمع  
By: Mr El Sebael Attaya

|                        |                  |                       |                      |                        |                  |
|------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| <b>admire</b>          | يعجب بـ          | <b>ability</b>        | قدرة                 | <b>go missing</b>      | يتوه / يضل       |
| <b>iron level</b>      | نسبة الحديد في   | <b>score goals</b>    | يحرز أهداف           | <b>a success story</b> | قصة نجاح         |
| <b>desire</b>          | رغبة - يرغب      | <b>World Cup</b>      | كأس العالم           | <b>useful</b>          | مفيد             |
| <b>generous</b>        | كريم             | <b>finals</b>         | نهائيات              | <b>attack</b>          | يهاجم            |
| <b>role model</b>      | نموذج يحتذى به   | <b>praise for</b>     | يمدح بسبب            | <b>worry about</b>     | يقلق بشأن        |
| <b>blood pressure</b>  | ضغط الدم         | <b>donation</b>       | التبرع               | <b>change</b>          | تغيير            |
| <b>intelligence</b>    | الذكاء           | <b>happiness</b>      | صانع السعادة         | <b>work with</b>       | يعمل مع          |
| <b>donate</b>          | يتبرع            | <b>blood</b>          | الدم                 | <b>employ</b>          | يوظف             |
| <b>long-term</b>       | على المدى        | <b>donors</b>         | متبرعين              | <b>skills</b>          | مهارات           |
| <b>transplant</b>      | زراعة عضو        | <b>badly</b>          | بشدة - سيء جدا       | <b>monitor</b>         | يراقب - جهاز عرض |
| <b>support</b>         | يساند - يدعم     | <b>injured</b>        | مصاب                 | <b>movement</b>        | حركة             |
| <b>achievements</b>    | إنجازات          | <b>regular</b>        | منتظم                | <b>parties</b>         | مجموعات          |
| <b>famous</b>          | مشهور            | <b>transfusion</b>    | نقل دم               | <b>biologists</b>      | علماء الأحياء    |
| <b>biography</b>       | سيرة ذاتية       | <b>check</b>          | يفحص                 | <b>sense of</b>        | روح كذا          |
| <b>interview</b>       | مقابلة شخصية     | <b>donation</b>       | التبرع               | <b>sense</b>           | حاسه             |
| <b>empathy</b>         | تعاطف            | <b>organ</b>          | عضو جسم              | <b>track</b>           | يتبع أثر         |
| <b>charity</b>         | الخير / مؤسسة    | <b>inspire</b>        | يلهم - يحفز          | <b>information</b>     | معلومات          |
| <b>cancer</b>          | سرطان            | <b>biology</b>        | علم الأحياء          | <b>make sure</b>       | يتأكد            |
| <b>chance</b>          | فرصة             | <b>villagers</b>      | سكان القرى           | <b>hunters</b>         | صيادون           |
| <b>nickname</b>        | اسم شهرة         | <b>Guardian</b>       | حارس - وصي           | <b>as well as</b>      | بالإضافة الى     |
| <b>around</b>          | حول              | <b>plays for</b>      | يلعب لـ              | <b>agreement</b>       | اتفاق - موافقه   |
| <b>take part in</b>    | يشارك في         | <b>roar</b>           | زئير - يزأر          | <b>compassion</b>      | رافه - رحمه      |
| <b>Blood Donor Day</b> | يوم التبرع بالدم | <b>disappear</b>      | يختفي                | <b>documentary</b>     | برنامج وثائقي    |
| <b>illness</b>         | مرض - تعب        | <b>hope</b>           | يتمنى                | <b>estimate</b>        | يقدر             |
| <b>health</b>          | مشاكل صحية       | <b>amazing</b>        | مذهل                 | <b>model</b>           | نموذج            |
| <b>benefits</b>        | فوائد            | <b>organization</b>   | منظمة                | <b>sign</b>            | اشاره - يوقع     |
| <b>find out</b>        | يكشف - يعرف      | <b>Lion Guardians</b> | حراس الأسود          | <b>angle</b>           | زاويه            |
| <b>save lives</b>      | ينقذ الأرواح     | <b>based in</b>       | مقره في              | <b>belief</b>          | اعتقاد           |
| <b>conservation</b>    | المحافظة على     | <b>nearby</b>         | قريب / مجاور         | <b>include</b>         | يشتمل على        |
| <b>transfusion</b>     | نقل دم           | <b>aim of</b>         | هدف                  | <b>locate</b>          | يحدد موقع        |
| <b>recognize</b>       | يتعرف على - يدرك | <b>local</b>          | محلي                 | <b>aim</b>             | هدف              |
| <b>wild</b>            | بري - متوحش      | <b>livestock</b>      | ماشية                | <b>conclusion</b>      | خاتمه - خلاصه    |
| <b>earn money</b>      | يكسب مال         | <b>reduce</b>         | يقلل                 | <b>cute</b>            | جميل - جذاب      |
| <b>community</b>       | مجتمع            | <b>killing</b>        | قتل                  | <b>expert in - on</b>  | خبير في          |
| <b>footballers</b>     | لاعبى كرة القدم  | <b>cattle</b>         | ماشية                | <b>headquarters</b>    | مركز رئيسي       |
| <b>hometown</b>        | مسقط رأس         | <b>objective</b>      | موضوعي               | <b>paws</b>            | مخالب حيوان      |
| <b>wild</b>            | بري              | <b>viewers</b>        | مشاهدين              | <b>paws prints</b>     | أثار أقدام حيوان |
| <b>soccer</b>          | كره قدم          | <b>tribe</b>          | قبيله                | <b>skill</b>           | مهارة            |
| <b>personality</b>     | شخصيه            | <b>roleplay</b>       | لعبه ( تمثيل ادوار ) | <b>responsibility</b>  | مسئولية          |
| <b>praise</b>          | يمدح             | <b>appearance</b>     | مظهر                 | <b>formal</b>          | رسمي             |

### Definitions

|                       |                                                                  |          |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>admire</b>         | To respect and approve of person or their behaviour.             | يعجب بـ  |
| <b>blood pressure</b> | a measure of the pressure at which blood flows through the body. | ضغط الدم |
| <b>desire</b>         | a strong feeling that you want something.                        | رغبة     |

|                     |                                                                                                                             |                        |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>donate</b>       | To give money or goods to help a person or organisation                                                                     | يتبرع                  |
| <b>generous</b>     | willing to give money, help, etc. especially more than it usual.                                                            | كريم                   |
| <b>intelligence</b> | Having a high level of mental ability, and good at thinking clearly and understanding ideas.                                | ذكاء                   |
| <b>iron levels</b>  | Iron is a chemical element which exists in small amounts in the blood. The level is the amount or quantity of iron present. | مستويات الحديد في الدم |
| <b>long term</b>    | Continuing for a long time into the future. ( opposite: short term )                                                        | علي مدي طويل           |
| <b>role model</b>   | A person who people admire and whose behavior they try to copy                                                              | قدوة                   |
| <b>transplant</b>   | Medical operations in which a new organ is put into someone's body.                                                         | نقل عضو                |
| <b>roar</b>         | A deep, loud noise made by an animal such as a lion.                                                                        | يزار                   |
| <b>prestige</b>     | The respect and admiration that someone or something gets because of their success or important position in society.        | احترام                 |
| <b>speed</b>        | How fast somebody or something moves or travels.                                                                            | سرعه                   |
| <b>agreement</b>    | An official document that people sign to show that they have agreed to something.                                           | اتفاق - موافقه         |
| <b>community</b>    | All the people who live in the same area.                                                                                   | مجتمع                  |

### Expressions

|                                |                      |                                    |                    |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Cancer hospital</b>         | مستشفى السرطان       | <b>health problems</b>             | مشاكل صحية         |
| <b>along with</b>              | بالإضافة إلى         | <b>protect ... from</b>            | يحمي من            |
| <b>a role model to others</b>  | قدوة - نموذج         | <b>go missing ( get lost )</b>     | مفقود - تائه       |
| <b>blood donor</b>             | متبرع بالدم          | <b>the aim of the organisation</b> | هدف المنظمة        |
| <b>blood pressure</b>          | ضغط الدم             | <b>from all over the world</b>     | من كل أنحاء العالم |
| <b>make friends with</b>       | يتصادق مع            | <b>sense of responsibility</b>     | إحساس بالمسئولية   |
| <b>iron deficiency</b>         | نقص الحديد           | <b>over hunting</b>                | الصيد الجائر       |
| <b>kill for sport</b>          | يقتل كنوع من الرياضة | <b>world cup finals</b>            | نهائيات كأس العالم |
| <b>find out about</b>          | يكشف عن              | <b>take part in / share in</b>     | يشارك في           |
| <b>be admired for</b>          | يعجب بسبب            | <b>desire to</b>                   | الرغبة في          |
| <b>ability to</b>              | القدرة على           | <b>give a chance to</b>            | يعطي فرصة          |
| <b>search for</b>              | يبحث عن              | <b>easy to do</b>                  | سهل تأديته!        |
| <b>reach (achieve) goals</b>   | يصل لهدف             | <b>give nickname</b>               | يطلق عليه اسم شهرة |
| <b>send Egypt to</b>           | (يرسل) (يؤهل)        | <b>on holiday</b>                  | في اجازة           |
| <b>be praised for</b>          | يمدح بسبب            | <b>happiness maker</b>             | صانع السعادة       |
| <b>donations to charity</b>    | تبرعات للخير         | <b>life skills</b>                 | مهارات حياتيه      |
| <b>donate money to</b>         | يتبرع بمال لـ        | <b>badly injured</b>               | يصاب بشدة          |
| <b>a long-term illness</b>     | تعب طويل المده       | <b>blood transplant</b>            | نقل دم             |
| <b>giving blood</b>            | يتبرع بالدم          | <b>in groups</b>                   | في مجتمعات         |
| <b>have health benefits</b>    | فوائد صحية           | <b>save lives</b>                  | ينقذ ارواح         |
| <b>have pressure checked</b>   | يُفحص ضغطه           | <b>hear about lions</b>            | يسمع عن الأسود     |
| <b>inspire her to</b>          | يلهم                 | <b>local communities</b>           | مجتمعات محليه      |
| <b>amazing work of</b>         | عمل رائع             | <b>community centre</b>            | مركز اجتماعي       |
| <b>based in - on</b>           | مقره في - مقتبس من   | <b>earn money</b>                  | يكسب مال           |
| <b>have the skills</b>         | لديه المهارات        | <b>reduce the number of</b>        | يقلل عدد           |
| <b>protect their livestock</b> | يحمي الماشية         | <b>worry about</b>                 | يقلق بشأن          |



|                 |                   |                     |              |
|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| be attacked by  | يُهاجم بواسطة     | thanks to + v + ing | بفضل         |
| deal with       | يتعامل مع         | run past            | يجري بمحاذاه |
| hear of - about | يسمع عن - يعرف عن | do research         | يقوم ببحث    |
| benefit from    | يستفيد من         | benefit of          | فائدة من     |

## Derivatives

| Verb     |             | Noun                           |                         | Adjective                |              |
|----------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| donate   | يتبرع       | donation - donor               | تبرع - متبرع            |                          |              |
| organise | ينظم        | organisation                   | منظمة                   | organised                | منظم         |
| employ   | يوظف        | employer- employee -employment | صاحب عمل - موظف - توظيف | employable               | قابل للتوظيف |
| amaze    | يذهل - يدهش | amazement                      | دهشة                    | amazed - amazing         | مدهش - مذهش  |
| support  | يؤيد        | support - supporter            | تأييد - سلوك            | supportable - supportive | سناد - حامل  |
| desire   | يذلل - يدهش | desire                         | دهشة                    | desirable                | مدهش         |
| benefit  | يستفيد      | benefit                        | فائدة                   | beneficial               | نافع - مفيد  |
|          |             | prestige                       | مكانة اجتماعية          | prestigious              |              |

## Synonyms &amp; Antonyms

| Word         | الكلمة      | Synonyms                       | المعنى        | Antonyms                    | العكس              |
|--------------|-------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| support      | يؤيد - يدعم | advocate = assist = aid        | يؤيد - يساعد  | discourage=oppose=weak      | يحبط - يعارض       |
| admire       | يعجب ب      | appreciate = esteem            | يقدر - يعجب ب | blame - dislike - criticize | يلوم - يكره - ينقد |
| desire       | رغبة        | longing = lust                 | رغبة - اشتياق | hatred - dislike - disgust  | كراهية - اشمزاز    |
| desire       | يرغب        | ache - long - covet            | يشتاق - يرغب  |                             |                    |
| donate       | يتبرع       | give - present - bestow        | يعطي - يمنح   | refuse - take - refrain     | يرفض - يمتنع       |
| generous     | كريم        | charitable - unselfish         | محسن - كريم   | greedy - selfish - stingy   | طماع - اناني       |
| intelligence | ذكاء        | intellect=acumen=wit           | ذكاء - فطنة   | Stupidity-ignorance         | غباء - جهل         |
| disappear    | يختفي       | vanish-fade                    | يزول - يتلاشي | appear - remain             | يظهر - يبقى        |
| employ       | يوظف        | apply - operate- use           | يستعمل - يشغل | dismiss- fire- discard      | يطرد - يفصل        |
| employ       | توظيف       | employment- engagement         | وظيفة - خدمة  |                             |                    |
| speed        | يسرع        | hurry - hurtle                 | يسرع          | delay - slow                | يؤجل - يبطئ        |
| speed        | سرعه        | fastness - quickness- rapidity | سرعه          | slowness                    | بطئ                |
| monitor      | يراقب       | watch - observe - check        | يراقب - يلاحظ |                             |                    |
| happiness    | سعادة       | joy - delight - pleasure       | سعادة         | despair - sorrow - misery   | يأس - حزن          |
| wild         | بري - متوحش | Rough - violent- savage        | خشن - عنيف    | tame - domestic             | اليف               |

## Language Notes

## 1- Irregular plural

| Singular       | plurals | Singular | plurals      |
|----------------|---------|----------|--------------|
| man            | رجال    | child    | طفل          |
| foot           | قدم     | tooth    | سنة          |
| wolf           | ذئب     | wife     | زوجة         |
| half           | نصف     | loaf     | رغيف         |
| hoof           | حافر    | roof     | سطح          |
| woman          | سيدة    | shelf    | رف           |
| knife          | سكين    | proof    | إثبات - دليل |
| men            |         |          |              |
| feet           |         |          |              |
| wolves         |         |          |              |
| halves         |         |          |              |
| hoofs - hooves |         |          |              |
| women          |         |          |              |
| knives         |         |          |              |

2-

|      |                         |                                                                   |
|------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| beat | يهزم/يتغلب على شخص/فريق | enemy / team / person                                             |
| Win  | يكسب / يفوز             | a cup / a medal / a prize / a game / championship/ election /race |
| gain | يكتسب شئ معنوي          | information / experience / weight / fame/ knowledge/speed         |
| earn | يكسب مالا مقابل عمل     | money / his living                                                |

3 - score goals.... يحرز أهداف

@ give myself goals... يحدد أهداف

@ reach /achieve goals.... يصل لأهدافه

- I **give myself goals** and plan how to achieve them.
- He has **scored 12 goals** so far this season
- Unless you do your best, you won't **achieve your goal**

(اسم مفرد) اضافي - زيادة + **another** // (بدون اسم) اخرون **others** - اسم جمع + **other**

- 1-Some people like English. **Other people** don't like it.  
 - I like this cake, **give me another one**.  
 -Some people like English. **Others** don't like it.

**5-Transplant** يزرع/ينقل عضو - His kidney **was transplanted** in his daughter.

**-Transport** (ينقل/بضائع/ناس) **-Trucks used for transporting oil**

**-Transfer** ينقل - يحول مالا **I'd like to transfer \$500 to my checking account.**

**-transmit** يبث او يرسل إشارة او شيء **-The lost man transmitted a signal using the mobile.**

**6-Invent** : يخترع شيء ليس موجود **- Graham Bell invented the telephone.**

**Explore** : يستكشف مكان و يعرف شيء عنه **-They went on an expedition to explore the river Nile**

**Discover** (يكتشف) شيء كان موجودا من قبل ولكن غير معروف **- The planet Pluto was discovered in 1930**

**Find out (about)** (معلومة حقيقة - يكتشف) **-I found out I had made a mistake.**

**7-live** يعيش / مباشر / روح **/ life** الحياة **/ alive** (حي على قيد الحياة)

He **lived** in Tanta for ten years.

Modern technology saves **many lives**.

**Life** is full of ups and downs.

He isn't **dead**, he is still **alive**

**8 - donate** يتبرع **/ donor** متبرع **/ donation** التبرع

Rich people **should donate** to charity.

We must encourage **blood donors** by rewarding them.

**9 -realize** يدرك او يفهم **recognize** (يتعرف على شكل او هيئة مكان او شخص)

-He **realized** that his wallet was stolen.

-When I saw my friend, I couldn't **recognize him**.

**10-inspire** ..... يلهم **\* aspire.....** يطمح **\* conspire.....** يتآمر

A good teacher **must inspire** his students and encourage them

**11 - famous.... for ....** مشهور بـ **\* famous .... in ....** مشهور في **\* famous ....as ..** مشهور كـ

- He is famous for his honesty.

-He became famous in Egypt.

**12-Nickname** اسم دلع/شهرة **pen name** (اسم مستعار) كاتب **surname** اسم العائلة

**13-make sure.....** يتأكد **\* for sure.....** بالتأكيد

She made sure there was hot water for doctors. We'll always need teachers, that's for sure

**13-everyday (adj)** يومي (صفة) + اسم **every day (adv)** كل يوم (ظرف)

The internet has become part of **everyday life**./ I **walk** to school **every day**

**14- desire to + inf** رغبة في / **desire for + شخص** شيء / **desire that + جملة كاملة**

He has **a desire to help** people.

He tried to hide **his desire for** her.

You should have **a desire for** knowledge.

**15-based in** مقره في/مستقر في **based on** مبني /مؤسسى على

We're **based in Cairo**.

The movie is **based on a real-life incident**

**16-work for** يعمل لدى شخص أو شركة **work with** يعمل مع **work on** يطور/يحسن  
He works **for an oil company**. Doctors **work on a cure** for cancer. Dr May worked **with top surgeons**.

**17-go missing** يتوه أو يضل الطريق = **get / be lost**

They **went missing** in the desert. They **were (got) lost** in the desert.

**18- a job** (تجمع) وظيفة - My mother has **a lot of jobs** to do - I will look **for a nice job** .  
- **a career** حياة الفرد المهنية - I enjoyed **my career** as a teacher .- He wants **a career** in baking  
- **profession** (مهنة) تحتاج مؤهلات - Teaching is **a difficult profession**

**19- One of the students is absent .** يأتي بعد { **one of** } اسم جمع وفعل مفرد

**20- a chance / an opportunity** فرصة - **chance** حظ - صدفة **He answered by chance**

**21-employ** يوظف / **employer** صاحب عمل / **employee** موظف / **employment** توظيف / **unemployment** بطالة  
Tourism employs a lot of youth / This factory is the largest employer in our area

**22-Conservation** صيانة / حفظ **preservation** حفظ - وقاية  
Conservation of wild life / environment Building / food / environment

**23- lonely** وحيد - He is sad as he **feels lonely**.  
**alone** بمفرده - No one went with her to school. **She went alone**.  
**only** فقط - He has **only a little money**.

**24- hard (adj.)** جاد - صعب - صلب - His work **was hard**. - The exam **was hard**.  
**hard (adv.)** بجد - بغزارة - It was **raining hard**. - We must **study hard**.  
**hardly: (adv.) almost no** بصعوبة / بشق النفس / بالكاد (تدل على النفي)  
**any** تأتي قبل الفعل الأساسي و غالباً يسبقها **can / could** و يمكن أن يليها  
- I **could hardly hear** her at the back. - **I've hardly done** any school work this weekend.

**25- search** (يفتش) **& search for** (يبحث عن)  
-The policeman **searched the thief** to find any weapons.  
-The policeman **searched for the thief among the trees**.

**26- Take place = happen = occur** (يحدث)  
- **Take part in = share in = participate in = contribute to** (يشارك في - يساهم في)

**27- I can't help + v. + ing** لا يستطيع امنع نفسي من  
**I can't help (to play - playing) football.**  
**28- Have + p.p** (شخص اخر غير الفاعل قام بالفعل)  
**I had my car repaired** - **Ali had the windows washed**

### LISTENING TEXT

**Interviewer** : In today's programme we're talking to **Martin Drake** about **Dr Leelah Hazzah**, an **Egyptian conservation biologist** and **founder** of **lion Gurdians**, a conservation project in Kenya. **Martin**, when did **Leelah** become **interested in** lions?  
**Martin** : Well, as a child, her father told her stories about how he **listened to** lions **roaring at night** when he was sleeping on the roof of their house **during the summer**. But when he explained that there weren't any lions left in Egypt, she decided that when she **grew up**, she would **find out** how to save them in other countries.

[illegible][illegible]

## Souvenir

Every year **on 14th June**, countries around the world **take part in World Blood Donor Day**. Why should people donate blood? **Donating blood** can help people if they have been **badly injured** or need regular **blood transplants** because they have a **long-term illness**. Giving blood can also have health benefits. All donors have their **blood pressure** and **iron levels** checked **before donation**, so people **who donate blood** can **find out** quickly if they have any **health problems**. **Giving blood** can save lives and it is easy to do!

@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

### Working together

Lions are **disappearing** all over Africa but there is some hope now after the **amazing work** of an organization **called Lion Guardians**, which **is based in** Kenya, but **Guardians** help in **nearby Tanzania**. The aim of **Lion Guardians** is to help local people to protect their own **livestock** and **reduce the number of lion killings** in the area. **Cattle are** important to the villagers but they often **go missing** or are attacked by lions. Then the lions are killed as villagers **worry about losing** more livestock. **Lion Guardians is** changing this. The organization works with the community to help **both the lions and their livestock** and this is done **by employing** local people. **Maasai men are chosen** to become guardians as they understand lions and have **the skills needed** to monitor their movements, find **missing livestock** and **stop hunting parties**. They **are taught** to be field biologists and **are given** a sense of responsibility. Lions **are tracked** every day and the information is sent to the cattle farmers who can then make sure their cows are safe. Guardians also **take part in reducing** the number of hunters who come to kill the lions for sport. **Lion Guardians is a success story** – helping the future of lions as well as the **local communities**.

### Exercises on unit : 2 (Voc.)

#### EXERCISES ON VOCABULARY

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1- Mohammed Salah is one of Egypt's most famous ( **scientists -footballers -actors -singers** ).
- 2- Salah is ( **invented - discovered - admired - invited** ) for his intelligence.
- 3- What makes Salah distinguished is his ( **able - disability - capable - ability** ) to score goals.
- 4- He ( **registered - put - scored - achieved** ) a decisive goal to send Egypt to the World Cup finals.
- 5- Being ( **funny - lazy - beautiful - intelligent** ) is one of the most qualities of a footballer.
- 6- My father is ( **miserly - generosity - generous - stinging** ). He always invites a lot of guests to have lunch.
- 7- The good footballer should work ( **on - to - with - about** ) his teammates.
- 8- " Resala " is an Egyptian ( **school - pharmacy - hospital - charity** ) which helps the poor.
- 9- Some boys adore football, ( **others - other - another - one** ) boys are keen on handball.
- 10- Thanks ( **to - for - about - on** ) modern inventions we lead a happy life.
- 11- A blood ( **earner - donor - accountant - expert** ) is someone who gives his blood to the injured.
- 12- The place where you were born and grew is called your ( **downtown - city centre - town hall - hometown** ).
- 13- We can ( **win - earn - gain - beat** ) the match easily if our players are fit.
- 14- We like to ( **tease - criticise - praise - baize** ) people who make great achievements .
- 15- ( **Junior - Professional - Amateur - Old** ) players are paid much money.
- 16- ( **Cancer - Colic - diarrhea - Sore throat** ) is a fatal disease as it's incurable.
- 17- Our team ( **won - scored - played - beat** ) two goals and won the match.
- 18- I have seen him ( **talks - talking - to talking - to talk** ) about lions on TV.
- 19- You should study hard to ( **win - score - achieve - beat** ) your goal.



- 20- My father has influenced me a lot. I do just like him. He is my ( rule - roll - roller - role ) model.
- 21- The well-off should ( take - save - donate - generous ) a lot of money to rebuild our country.
- 22- No one can deny the ( role - rule - pole - mule ) which the various charities play in our country.
- 23- The World ( Medal - project- Cup- Mug ) is a great football event. It happens every 4 years
- 24- I go to hospital to examine my blood ( pressure - donor - quantity - amount ).
- 25- Dr El-Baz worked ( at - with - of - on ) many projects.
- 26- I have a strong ( headache - disease - desire - dessert ) to be one of the toppers this year.
- 27- Footballers are ( professionals - craftsmen - artists - actors ) not amateurs. Football is their job.
- 28- Mohammed Salah wants to give young people a ( money - chance - cup - champion ) to succeed
- 29- She is a famous weight lifting ( tennis - footballer - singer - player ). She has got a lot of medals.
- 30- Children take ( turns - part - place - photos ) in junior championships.
- 31- The " Plateau " " El-Hadaba " is a ( nickname - pen name - false name - fake name ) given to Amr Diab.
- 32- The Nile plays a ( small - minor - major - tiny ) part in the lives of all Egyptians.
- 33- Happiness is the synonym of ( sadness - grief - sorrow - delight ).
- 34- Can you ( give - take - make - paint ) photographs with this modern camera?
- 35- Egypt ( scored - won - gave - bought ) the Cup of African Nations in 2006, 2008 and 2010.
- 36- My father ( did-made- had- gave ) a serious operation last week and he is feeling well now.
- 37- The antonym of cheerful is ( happy - pleased - sad - delighted ).
- 48- The ( antonym - synonym - metaphor - rhyme ) of sorrow is happiness.
- 40- I want to take part in the ( blood - liver - heart - brain ) donor Day on 14<sup>th</sup> june.
- 41- Reclamation to reclaim is like ( development - developing - developed - develop ) to develop.
- 42- Dr Samira Musa was a nuclear scientist ( research - researcher -researching - searcher ).
- 43- ( How - What - Why - Whatever ) wonderful this villa is !
- 44- The ambulance took the people who were badly ( rewarded - injured - influenced - enjoyed ) to the nearest hospital.
- 45- My friend needs regular blood ( transplant - transport - transmit - transfer ) because of his long term illness
- 46- Do you think giving blood has health ( benefits - useful - good - kindnes ).
- 47- All donors have their blood pressure and ( steel - copper - iron - silver ) levels checked .
- 48- Diabetes is considered one of the ( short - along - long - belong ) term diseases
- 49- Blood donors can find ( on - out - about - for ) quickly if they have health problems
- 50- "Well-known" is the synonym of ( ignorant - kind - famous - unknown )
- 51- "Wish" is the synonym of ( desire - generous - kind - famous )
- 52- My friend is a graduate ( in - of - from - at ) Cairo University .
- 53- Leila's father told her stories about lions. This ( conspired - despair - inspired - aspired ) her to study biology.
- 54- Those who live in the countryside are called ( village - villagers - urban - city men )
- 55- Villagers are angry ( with - of - from - by ) the lions as they kill their cows and goats.
- 56- I haven't met my classmate for many years . I wish I could ( know - recognize - apologize - despise ) him.
- 57- Leila Hazzah works with the Lion ( Players - Hunting - Guardians - Documents ) who cares for lions
- 58- What other ( conversation - conservation - perception - preservation ) programme do you know about ?
- 59- I am ( boring - boredom - bored - bore ) all my friends are away on holiday and I am stuck at home.
- 60- Your cousin helped ( at - of - off - for ) the community centre last week .

- 61- The organisation " Lion Guardians " is based ( on - in - at - of ) Kenya.
- 62- The aim of the Guardians is to help local people protect their ( livestock - lipstick - stoves - sticks ).
- 63- They aim to reduce the number of lion ( death - savings - dying - killings ) in the area.
- 64- Cattle are important to the villagers but they often go ( lost - missed - missing - losing ) or attacked by lions.
- 65- The new factory in our area will ( work - employ - occupy - supply ) a lot of university graduates.
- 67- Maasai men are chosen to become ( guardians - goalkeepers - hunters - group ) as they understand lions.
- 68- They have the skills needed to ( moment - memory - monitor - minor ) lions' movements.
- 69- Guardians also take part in reducing the number of ( hunting - hunt - humour - hunters ) who kill lions for sport.
- 70- Lions are ( tracked - tackled - ticked - stuck ) every day and the information is sent to the cattle farmers.
- 71- I really ( amaze - reward - hate - admire ) my mother because she does so much for us
- 72- A second nurse takes my blood ( pressure - treasure - measure - pleasure ) and checks my pulse.
- 73- Yacoub travelled thousands of kilometers in small planes to find ( health - hearth - healthy - wealthy ) hearts for transplants.
- 74- She developed progressive liver failure and required a liver ( transport - transform - transplant - transfer )
- 75- You need a lot of ( intelligent - intelligence - influence - intelligible ) to be good at chess.
- 76- My dad offered to pay my plane fare, which was very ( unkind - miser - mistake - generous ) of him
- 77- Last year he ( donated - made - debated - did ) 500 pounds to cancer research.
- 78- Seriously sick people need long- ( tram - turn - trim - term ) care.
- 79- Millions of Egyptians gave Mohamed Salah the ..... 'The Happiness Maker'.
- a. real name      b. nickname      c. surname      d. pen name
- 80- I couldn't take ( part - turns - place - care ) in the race because I had broken my leg.
- 81- The country needs a leader who can ( inspire - aspire - conspire - earn ) its citizens.
- 82- Lion Guardians gave some men jobs so that they can ( earn - gain - win - beat ) regular money.
- 83- She's just retired after 38 years working ( with - for - out - on ) children
- 84- Surgeons, doctors and nurses work together to ( score - achieve - arrive - get ) the same goals
20. The surgeon accepted full ..... for the error that led to her death
- a) responsible      b) irresponsible      c) responsibility      d) responsibly
- 86- International sports can ..... individuals and their countries.
- a) afford      b) admire      c) benefit      d) distribute
- 87- I hadn't seen her for ten years, but I ( recognized - organised - realised - got ) her immediately.
- 88- The crew of a small fishing boat has ..... during a storm at sea.
- a) lost      b) missed      c) come      d) gone missing
- 89- He has the ( able - capable - ability - disability ) to score many goals. He is very clever.
- 90- They ( killed - revised - poisoned - praised ) the man for his honesty.
- 91- People were ( attracted - attached - attacked - amused ) by the shark and many of them were killed.
- 92- ( Conversation - Dialogue - Conservation - Reservation ) of the environment is a joint responsibility.
- 93- Doing ( regularity - regular - irregular - regularly ) exercise helps people stay fit.
- 94- Three children were badly ( injured - sheltered - bordered - ordered ) in yesterday's accident.
- 95- Blood ( honours - doers - careers - donors ) are checked before their blood is taken.
- 96- Giving blood can ( send - end - save - endanger ) lives and it is easy to do.
- 97- People should give blood because it helps ( injury - injuries - injure - injured ) people.

98. The thief [disappeared - went - did - worked] among the fields and none could find him..  
 99. The rich man [denied - saved - donated - dated] all his fortune to a charity.  
 100. Giving blood can have [health - healthy - wealthy - healthier] benefits.  
 101. After the accident, the patient needed blood [transport - transplant - transfer - transform]  
 102. Cows, goats and buffaloes are all [livestock - birds - lipstick - sticks]  
 103. The King wanted to enhance his [prestige - roar - donation - speed] through war.  
 104. A [geologist- biologist - archaeologist - artist] is a person who studies living things.  
 105. The manager decided to [deduce - induce - reduce - produce] the number of the factory employees.  
 106. Blood donors have their blood pressure and iron level.....before donation.  
 a. check      b. checked      c. to check      d. checking  
 107. Professor Magdi Yacoub is a (roll - rule - role - reel) model for all heart doctors.

## Grammar

### THE PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE المضارع البسيط

**Form :** Subj. + inf. المصدر + ..... .

يتكون المضارع البسيط من مصدر الفعل مع مع الضمان **they , we , you , I** . أما بالنسبة لـ **he, she, it** نصرف الفعل كالتالي:

1. نضع **s** في الحالة العادية. **He - She - it (eat**s** - run**s** - walk**s** - sing**s**)**

2. نضع **es** لو انتهى الفعل بـ **x أو o أو sh أو ch أو s أو z** . **(wash**es** - watch**es** - cross**es** - go**es** - mix**es**)**

3. إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف **y** مسبق بحرف ساكن تحذف ونضيف **ies** . **(cri**es** - tri**es**)**

4- إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف **y** مسبق بحرف متحرك **(a / e / i / o / u)** نضيف **s** فقط **(enjoy**s** - play**s** - pray**s**)**

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#### Passive Obj

is/are + p.p + مفعول

- Farmers **grow** plants.

- Plants **are grown** by farmers.

عند عطف فعل مبني للمجهول علي آخر لا يتكرر استخدام الفعل المساعد /لا في حالة تكرار المفعول:-

- They pump water to the surface and heat it to make steam.

- Water **is pumped** to the surface and **heated** to make steam.

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### USES OF THE PRESENT SIMPLE

1 - To express facts: التعبير عن حقائق **-The moon goes round the Earth.**

2 - To express habits: التعبير عن عادات **- He always comes late.**

- Ali **usually eats** fruit for dessert الحلو بعد الأكل.

= Ali **is in the habit of eating** fruit for dessert.= Ali **is used to eating** fruit for dessert.

3. schedules: جداول المواعيد الثابتة

E.g. I am traveling to London tomorrow. My plane leaves at 6 am.

4. :المواقف أو الأفعال التي دائما أو عادة حقيقية

Mohamed Salah **gives money to help people** in his hometown

- We **have** English at ten **every Sunday**

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**:Key words** الكلمات الدالة

الكلمات التالية كلها كلمات دالة على المضارع البسيط:

نادراً **rarely** , أبداً **never** , دائما/للأبد **ever** , أحيانا **sometimes** , غالبا **often** , عادةً **usually** , دائما **Always** , كل **every** , عموماً **generally** , بصورة متكررة **frequently** , بالكاد **hardly** , نادراً **seldom** , نادراً **scarcely**

occasionally (من وقت لآخر , بين الحين والآخر , from time to time)

يستخدم المضارع البسيط مع الظروف الزمنية الآتية وتأتي في نهاية الجملة أو أولها

every day/ every week / every year/ twice a week / twice a month /

→ Rania **goes** to the club **every Monday**. **Every Monday** Rania **goes** to the club.

يستخدم المضارع البسيط مع ظروف التكرار و تأتي: قبل الفعل الأصلي أو بعد verb to be

- I **sometimes walk** to school.

- My brother **often watches** TV.

- I **am never late** for school.

- She **is always tired** in the evenings.

**Sometimes, I go** fishing.

= I **go fishing sometimes**.

### 3. النفي Negation:

1- نستخدم ( **don't** ) مع ( **I / they/ we / you** ) وبعدها مصدر الفعل

They **don't like** pizza.

I **don't play** football on Friday.

2- نستخدم ( **doesn't** ) مع ( **he/ she /it** ) وبعدها مصدر الفعل

He **doesn't want** a parrot.

- she **doesn't want** a kitten.

3- يمكن أن نستخدم **never** للنفي مكان **doesn't** ويأتي بعدها فعل منتهى (s)

English **never studies** English = Ahmed **doesn't study** Ahmed :Ex

- لاحظ الكلمات الدالة على المضارع البسيط بوجه عام تنفي بـ **rarely/ scarcely / seldom/ never**

I **never get up** early. & I **always get up** early.

She **rarely watches** TV at night. & She **usually watches** TV at night.

ملاحظات عامة

استخدامات أخرى للمضارع البسيط

1 - يستخدم مع أفعال الشعور والحواس والإدراك والعاطفة والتفكير بدلا من المضارع المستمر:

**like, dislike, love, think, seem, look, know, feel, understand, want, need, hate, see, remember, forget, prefer, believe, mean, taste, hear, have, possess, own,**

- I **prefer** his way of thinking.

- He **enjoys reading** romantic novels.

2- يستخدم مع الحالة الأولى من (if) ويدل على المستقبل:

- If you **play** well, you **will win**.

3- يستخدم مع الروابط الزمنية ويدل على المستقبل:

- **After** he **arrives**, we **will eat**.

-They **will not go until** he **gives** them money.

### 5. السؤال :

? تكلمة الجملة + مصدر + (you/they) + Do + كلمة استفهام  
? تكلمة الجملة + مصدر + (اسم مفرد + (he/she/it/your) + Does + كلمة استفهام

When **do** you **go** to school?

-- I **go** to school at 7 o'clock

Where **does** she **live**, Sara?

-- She **lives** in America.

السؤال بهل

? تكلمة الجملة + مصدر + (you/they) + Do

? تكلمة الجملة + مصدر + (اسم مفرد + (he/she/it/your) + Does

Ex-Do you **like** fish ?

yes, I do /No, I don't

**Do** they **play** tennis?.

yes, they do, No they don't

عند السؤال عن عدد المرات نستخدم

? تكلمة الجملة + مصدر + (فاعل) + Does/do + How often

( always-usually- never- every week-once - twice - three times ) أجابة ب

How often **do** you **go** to the library ? I go to library **twice a week** .

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## The past simple tense الماضي البسيط

تم شرحه الوحدة الاولى

### EXERCISES ON GRAMMAR

#### 1 - Choose the correct answer from a , b , c , or d :

- 1- A community ( **needing - need - needs - need** ) to look after poor people .
2. Mohamed Salah ( **play -playing -plays -is played** ) football in Liverpool.
- 3.In 2017 my parents( **are moving -will move -move -moved** ) to Luxor.
- 4 How often do you( **eat -ate -eating -to eat** ) fruit and vegetables?
- 5 Hala is going to be a scientist when she ( **leave -leaving -leaves -left** ) school.
- 6 There ( **be -are -is -was** ) thousands of people at the football stadium.
- 7 The TV presenter ( **are talking -talk -talked -talking** ) to her viewers in a very friendly way
- 8-Your cousin ( **is helping -helped -helps -help** ) at the community centre last summer
- 9-The community( **encourages -encourage -is encouraged -encouraged** ) to look after the lions
- 10) I ( **fall -fell -felt -failed** ) asleep at half past eight yesterday.
- 11) I ( **am -had -is - was** ) so tired last night.
- 12) Omar ( **smoke -don't smokes -doesn't smokes -never smokes** ) . That's why he is always fit.
- 13) My sister ( **enjoying -enjoy -is enjoying -enjoys** ) working with children.
- 14) After my father ( **finishing -finish -finishes -had finished** ) his work, he will take us to the club.
- 15) ( **Did -Do -Are -Does** ) you understand what the teacher says?
- 17) Ali always ( **walked -walks -is walking -was walking** ) to work when he was young.
- 18) Karim ( **start -starting -started -is starting** ) at the school two years ago.
- 19) I ( **buys -am buying -bought -buy** ) my new camera last week.
- 20) My father ( **works -worked -am working -work** ) in a bank in the city centre.
21. The last time I ( **have met -meet -met - was met** ) my cousin was in 2015.
22. I ( **work -have worked -working -worked** ) for five hours every day last week.
23. A terrible accident ( **happen -happens -happened -happening** ) in our street yesterday.
24. Children often ( **helping -helped -helps -help** ) their parents to do things.
25. He got into the car and ( **drive -drove -drives -driving** ) down the road.
26. He often ( **is speaking -spoken -has spoken -speaks** ) on radio and television.
- 27-Surgeons ( **didn't - aren't -doesn't -don't** ) usually see small things by the naked eye
28. When I was young, I used to ( **going -gone -go -goes** ) to the park every weekend.
29. My brother ( **is speaking -spoken -has spoken -speaks** ) three languages.
30. The sun ( **never -always -often -ever** ) rises in the west.
- 31-The young men ( **are taught -taught -teach -are teaching** ) to be field biologist
- 32-Lions ( **don't kill - aren't killed -isn't killed -doesn't killed** ) as much as in the past.
- 33- Money ( **brought -brings -are brought -is brought** ) into the area by the tourists
- 34) When I was eight, I ( **saw -see -am seeing -seen** ) programme about a famous doctor on TV.
- 35) We are making a card for my brother. ....to help?

a. Are you wanting    b. Did you want    c. Do you want    d. Have you wanted

- 36-I would rather you ( **play -played -plays -playing** ) football with us.
- 37-Local people ( **are giving -are given -is given -given** ) jobs by the organization.
- 38 - Mona ( **didn't see - doesn't see - wasn't seen -isn't seen** ) at school yesterday as she was absent.



- 39- In many parts of the world , wood ( **burn -burns -is burnt -are burnt** ) to heat people's homes.
- 40 - Sugar cane ( **grow -grows -grown -is grown** ) and used to make fuel.
- 41- We ( **pump -pumps -are pumped -is pumped** ) water to the surface and heat it again.
- 42 - Water ( **pump -pumps -are pumped -is pumped** ) to the surface and heated again.
- 43 - The Pyramids were ( **building -built -builds -build** ) by the ancient Egyptians.
- 44 - My father always ( **was going -gone -go -goes** ) to work on time.
- 45 - They ( **never are -are never - never is -can never** ) late for school.
- 46 - My sister ( **read -reads -has read -is reading** ) the newspaper every morning.
- 47 - The moon ( **is moving -will move -moves -moved** ) round the earth.
- 48 - Mr. Salem ( **doesn't -never -didn't - won't** ) comes to work late.
- 49- We ( **believe -believes -are believing -is believing** ) in Allah.
- 50 - English ( **is spoken -will speak -is speaking -has spoken** ) all over the world.
- 51 - The house ( **heated -heats - is heated - are heated** ) by the sun.
- 52 - ( **Do -Does -Is -Are** ) the letter written?
- 53 - Scientists ( **is wanted -am wanted -has wanted -want** ) to find more sources of renewable energy.
- 54 - Which model ( **was going -gone -go -goes** ) 540 kilometers per hour? (2012)
55. The livestock on this farm ( **is - are - is or are - has** ) looked after by three workers.
56. The cattle on this farm ( **is - are - is or are - has** ) looked after by three workers.
57. He no longer ( **smoke - smokes - smoked -never smokes** ) as he used to do.
58. He never ( **is - was - got - get** ) used to eating in class.
59. It's a habit of ( **I - me - my - mine** ) to drink a big glass of water when I get up every morning
60. The crops ( **collect - collected - was collected - were collected** ) and transported to the market.
61. She used to be naughty, but now she ..... .
- a. is no longer      b. does no longer      c. no longer does      d. no longer is**
62. She ( **never - rarely -often - doesn't** ) washed the dishes. Only when her mother was out.
63. It is energy that ( **allows - allow - allowed - allowing** ) living things to move about, grow and develop.
64. We now know that planes and ears ( **are produced - produce - produces - producing** ) air pollution.

### 1- Choose the Two (2) correct answers out of the Five (5) options given:

- "I admire your idea." In this sentence, 'admire' is a synonym of.....  
a. praise      b. approve of      C. disapprove of      d. appreciate      e. prove
- "She's a long-term illness." "Long-term" here means .....  
a. serious b. temporary c. short d. simple e. extended
- "He donated some blood." The word 'donated' can be replaced by.....  
a. received      b. gave      c. kept      d. give away      e. give off
- "I know you are generous." "Generous" here is antonymous with.....  
a. helpful      b. miser      c. mean .      d. honor      e. openhanded
- .Donate is to keep as .....is to stupidity.  
a. intelligence      b. intelligent      c. domestic      d. tame      e. brightness
- Ten young people were employed in the company. The antonyms of " employed" are.....  
a. dismissed      b. applied      c. fired      d. used      e. operated
- Nowadays , most houses are monitored by cameras." Monitor" means.....  
a. observe      b. reserve      c. watch      d. object      e. destruct
- My uncle supports all his relatives. The antonyms of support are.....  
a. aid      b. oppose      c. advocate      d. assist      e. neglect
- We should work hard to get success. The word " success " means.....  
a. victory      b. triumph      c. failure      d. loss      e. loose
- Some prisoners escaped yesterday. The closest meanings to the word " escaped" are.....  
a. emigrated      b. stayed      c. counted      d. evaded      e. ran away

## Advanced Exercises on unit ( 2 )

1. The Egyptian ( **Frequency - Stadium - Maasai - community** ) in London welcomed and supported the Egyptian handball team.
2. Which of the following is correct?  
 a. A Society is a Part of a community.                      b. A community is a part of a society.  
 c. A Society is a part. A community is a whole.      d. A society is a whole. A community is a part.
3. We all know that water ( **wasting - donating - conservation - support** ) has become a must.
4. Although he is rich, he works hard to ( **satisfy - donate - conserve - monitor** ) his desire for success.
5. When we do not know who paid the money, we say it is a ( **antonym - synonym - synonymous - anonymous** ) donation.
6. In the ( **long-term - field - hometown - desire** ), eating too much food causes overweight.
7. There are international peace ..... along the borders between the two countries.  
 a. situations                      b. monitors                      c. kids                      d. hunters
8. To ( **view - disappear - succeed - track** ) the progress of students, teachers test them every now and then.
9. As a teacher, Mr Mohammed's words ( **inspire - interview - name - false** ) confidence?
10. The best goalkeeper and player will be ( **benefited - organised - roleplayed - named** ) after the final match.
11. My little daughter uses her doll and ( **commutes - conserves - parties - role plays** ) being a mother .
12. We need more shade here, so I will have to ( **implant - transplant - planet - plain** ) some trees .
13. What you say is great. However, I think it won't work in the ( **empathy - generosity - field - intelligence** )
14. If we ..... this problem with all our brainpower, I'm sure we can solve it.  
 a) ignore                      b) neglect                      c) attract                      d) attack
15. There is a large ..... of teachers who use the internet to share their ideas and resources.  
 a) community                      b) flock                      c) team                      d) gang
16. Many volunteers ( **absorb - extract - donate - persist** ) their time to the Red Cross.
17. We're studying the unique style the poet ( **dismiss - employs - appoint - assist** ) in his poetry.
18. She gave each person a ( **smart - handsome - generous - unfair** ) portion of food so they felt satisfied.
19. You seem to have a .... angel watching out for you. You always get out safely of your troubles.  
 a) guardian                      b) gardener                      c) graduate                      d) gratitude
20. The supervisor ( **maintain - refuses - monitors - mirrors** ) all our work procedures in order to evaluate them.
21. Her sincere impression ( **persuaded - rejected - realised - denied** ) us that she was telling the truth.
22. He's happy being high school teacher though being a professor would have brought him more..... ( **technique - shame - camouflage - prestige** )
23. The little chairs are not made ( **suggest - support - restore - regard** ) the adults.
24. If my son ..... more, he will get the full mark in his exams.  
 a) studied                      b) had studied                      c) study                      d) has studied
25. Yesterday's party was ( **bad - worse - badly - well** ) organised, so all guests were so annoyed
26. I had my car ( **to clean - cleaning - cleaned - clean** ) last week as it was so dirty.
27. Our headmaster is respected ( **with - for - because - to** ) his intelligence and good morals.
28. It ( **is said - is saying - said - has said** ) that the prime minister is in favour of the new law.
29. My father doesn't allow anyone ( **smoking - smoke - to smoking - to smoke** ) in his office.
30. I can't remember ( **what - who - whom - which** ) came to my birthday party. There were so many people.
31. I'm working ( **on - in - at - for** ) a science project.
32. Dalia had an accident and was taken to hospital ( **this day - another day - the other day - other days** )
33. A: What are you doing now? B: I ( **think - am thinking - am thought - thinks** ) about a maths problem.
34. "I didn't use to live alone." This means .....  
 a. I live alone      b. I lived alone      c. I no longer live alone      d. don't live alone any more
35. He phoned me once he ( **had read - will read - reads - read** ) the message.
36. He will phone me once he ( **had read - will read - reads - read** ) the message.

37. ( While - When - During - As ) I was twelve, my family moved into this flat.  
 38. As a schoolboy, my uncle always ( was going - went - go - goes ) to school on foot.  
 39. Mum ( is loving - is being loved - is loved - loves ) by all family members.  
 40. It is time we ( are going - went - go - goes ) home.  
 41. During last holiday, Tamer ( play - played - plays - isplaying ) football every day.  
 42. He ( use to - is used to - used to - was used ) playing tennis.  
 43. How long ago ( do - does - have - did ) you visit your uncle ?  
 44. He used to smoke but now he .....  
 ( isn't anymore - doesn't no longer - doesn't any longer - any longer doesn't )  
 45. He was used to smoking, but now he .....  
 ( is no longer - no longer is - does no longer - no longer does )  
 46. A: Does he smoke? B: No, but he ( is used to - is used to doing - used to do - used to be )  
 47. A: Is he used to smoking? B: No, but he ( is used to - is used to doing - used to do - used to be )  
 48. A: ..... ? B: Yes, but he never smokes now.  
 a. Is he used to smoking b. Does he get used to smoking c. Did he use to smoke d. He used to smoke  
 49. I wish you ( wasted - didn't waste - had wasted - hadn't wasted ) your time last year.  
 50. ( Rarely do I go - Rarely I go - I go rarely - Rarely am I go ) to bed before I am.

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### TEST TWO

1- Choose the Two (2) correct answers out of the Five (5) options given:

1. The organisation should prevent hunting parties from killing lions. the word " parties " here means.....  
 a. men                      b. groups                      c. teams                      d. festivals                      e. feasts  
 2. There are a lot of students will take part in the race. the antonyms " take part " means.....  
 a. divide                      b. attack                      c. share                      d. avoid                      e. abandon

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1- Leila Hazzah is ----- by her father's stories.  
 a) inspired                      b) desired                      c) employed                      d) graduated  
 2-Ramy Ashour -----an important championship in squash  
 a) won                      b) earned                      c) gained                      d) beat  
 3-Neil Armstrong was the first man ----- on the moon.  
 a) walk                      b) walked                      c) walking                      d) to walk  
 4- Blood donors have managed to ----- many lives from death.  
 a) serve                      b) end                      c) save                      d) conserve  
 5- I think he suffers from anemia . He should have his blood ----- checked.  
 a) iron                      b) pressure                      c) balls                      d) goals  
 6- The Egyptians have given Salah the ----- "Happiness Maker "  
 a) pen name                      b) real name                      c) nickname                      d) surname .  
 7-Amal ----- television every day.  
 a) watch                      b) is watching                      c) was watching                      d) watches  
 8-In 1968, Neil Armstrong .----- on the moon.  
 a) walking                      b) walks                      c) walked                      d) walk  
 9-Ali -----a goal in a school football match yesterday.  
 a) scored                      b) won                      c) played                      d)took  
 10-Villagers desire to get rid of lions as they kill their -----  
 a) kettle                      b) livestock                      c) cotton                      d) wool  
 11-This is the -----who scored the wining goal  
 a) footballer                      b) basketball                      c) surgeon                      d) nurse  
 12-I used to smoke but now I don't smoke any -----  
 a) longer                      b) most                      c) long                      d) longest  
 13----- wood float if you throw it in water?  
 a) Will                      b) Do                      c) Does                      d) Would  
 14-The role of ----- is to help those who are in abject poverty  
 a) conservation                      b) conservationists                      c) charities                      d) guardians

15- Why do you think lions ----- by hunters ?

- a) killed                      b) are killing                      c) kill                      d) are killed

16-Can you help me ----- this photo ?

- a) hung                      b) hang                      c) hanging                      d) to hanging

**Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer:**

With the development of modern civilization, life has become more and more complicated. As a result, the car, which was once considered a luxury, is now looked upon as a necessity. Doctors, engineers and businessmen cannot work without private cars. Moreover, the rapid growth of population in capitals and main cities has actually made the joy of possessing a car much less. Besides the problems of keeping a car in good condition and the lack of garages, there is the big problem of crowded streets.

Most people insist on having a private car to avoid the long wait at a bus stop. To get on or off the bus is a hard struggle. Going to places by taxi does not solve the problem as taxi drivers take passengers according to rules they themselves set. They sometimes ask for more money than they deserve.

Cars could be a source of trouble. Many people have to leave their cars in the streets because garages are expensive and crowded. This exposes them to rusting or robbery. In rush hours streets are so blocked that it takes a driver age to get to his destination.

**A ) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. Taking a public bus is a problem because.....

- a. it is expensive                      getting on and off the bus is difficult  
it is very slow                      bus drivers drive carelessly

2. The underlined pronoun " they " in line 10 refers to .....

- taxi drivers                      taxies                      buses                      passengers

3. Most people insist on possessing a private car to keep ..... the long wait at bus stop.

- up                      away from                      on                      down

4. Possessing a private car is ..... to doctors and engineers.

- a) unnecessary                      difficult                      indispensable                      bad

5. The underlined word complicated means .....

- easy to solve                      familiar                      complex                      similar

6. When are cars, according to the writer, exposed to robbery?

- when they aren ' t locked                      when they aren ' t covered

c) when they are left in garages                      When they are left in the street

7. The best title for the passage is .....

- The advantages of private cars                      The disadvantages of private cars

- Private cars are a mixed blessing                      Avoiding private cars

8. The antonym of the underlined word "private" is .....

- regular                      public                      personal                      strange

9. Reaching your destination during rush hours .....

- takes a while                      takes too long                      is easy                      isn ' t a problem

10. The increase in population in capitals ..... the joy of having a car.

- ruins                      improves                      increases                      eases

**Translate into English:**

- تحتاج المؤسسات الخيرية للتمويل لكي تقوم بدورها في حل الكثير من المشاكل الاجتماعية.

**Translate into Arabic:**

In the past, buildings often reflected the culture of a society but today all modern buildings look alike and cities throughout the world are becoming more and more similar.

**5) Write an essay of about 150 words on one only of the following topics:**

1. Unemployment is one of the most dangerous problems that we face nowadays.
2. A day you will never forget.

# Unit Three

## Vocabulary

### Improving our lives

#### تحسين حياتنا

By: Mr El Sebaei Attaya

|                             |                       |             |                  |                  |                    |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| debts                       | ديون                  | improvement | تحسين            | suggestion       | اقتراح             |
| earn                        | يكسب مال              | penny       | بنس (عملة نقدية) | voluntary        | تطوعي              |
| merchant                    | تاجر                  | parents     | الوالدين         | volunteer        | متطوع              |
| owe                         | يدين ب                | extract     | مقتطف/خلاصة      | children         | اطفال              |
| miserable                   | بانس او تعيس          | modern      | حديث             | animals          | حيوانات            |
| plump                       | (بدين) بشكل جذاب      | building    | مبنى             | message          | رسالة              |
| prison                      | سجن                   | hurt        | يؤذي/يجرح        | partner          | شريك               |
| rats                        | فئران كبيرة           | terrible    | فظيع/مرعب        | respect          | يحترم/احترام       |
| borrow                      | يستعير                | factory     | مصنع             | disabled         | معاق               |
| cotton                      | قطن                   | similar     | مشابه            | express          | يعبر عن            |
| sell                        | بييع                  | difficult   | صعب              | expression       | تعبير              |
| goods                       | بضائع                 | novel       | رواية            | How /What about. | ماذا عن            |
| theatre                     | مسرح                  | high school | مدرسة ثانوى      | idea             | فكرة               |
| ticket                      | تذكرة                 | partner     | شريك             | important        | هام                |
| break                       | يكسر                  | writer      | كاتب             | reader           | القارئ             |
| criminal                    | مجرم                  | successful  | ناجح             | spend            | يقضى               |
| country                     | دولة                  | stepfather  | زوج الام         | meet             | يقابل              |
| happen                      | يحدث                  | change      | يغير             | a bad person     | شخص سيء            |
| arrange                     | يرتب                  | a group of  | مجموعة من        | factual          | واقعي              |
| hard work                   | عمل شاق               | the rich    | الاعنياء         | arrest           | يقبض على           |
| empty bottles               | زجاجات فارغة          | worse       | اسوأ             | brainstorm       | فكر بانداع         |
| traditions                  | تقاليد                | law         | قانون            | morals           | أخلاق              |
| hate                        | يكره                  | helpful     | مساعد/مفيد       | town             | مدينة صغيرة        |
| tired-looking               | يبدو عليه التعب       | opinion     | راي              | city             | مدينة كبيرة        |
| lady                        | سيدة                  | clothes     | ملابس            | brief            | مختصر              |
| discover                    | يكشف                  | farmer      | فلاح             | expert in - on   | خبير               |
| baby                        | طفل رضيع              | problem     | مشكلة            | community        | المجتمع            |
| twins                       | توأم                  | happen      | يحدث             | structure        | تركيب              |
| several                     | عديد                  | main        | اساسي            | empathy          | تعاطف              |
| the police                  | الشرطة                | character   | شخصية            | association      | منظمه              |
| pound                       | جنيه                  | solve       | يحل              | beliefs          | معتقدات            |
| trick                       | خدعة/حيله             | surprise    | دهشة/مفاجأة      | crescent         | هلال               |
| admit + v+ ing              | يعترف ب               | interests   | اهتمامات         | master           | السيد - يجيد       |
| pass the exam               | يجتاز الامتحان        | really      | حقا/فعلا         | culture          | لص                 |
| angry                       | غضبان                 | suggest     | يقترح            | experience       | خبره               |
| owe                         | مدين ل                | youth       | الشباب           | experiences      | تجارب حياه         |
| review                      | مراجعته - مقاله نقديه | brilliant   | لامع - ذكي       | deserve          | يستحق              |
| entertain                   | يسلى - يستضيف         | plumber     | سباك             | crew             | طاقم سفينه - طياره |
| parrot                      | يغبغان                | barrel      | برميل            | pirate           | قراصنه             |
| inn                         | فندق صغير             | destination | جهه سفر          | gang             | عصابه              |
| phrase / extract            |                       |             | عباره - اقتباس   | note             | يلاحظ              |
| general secondary education |                       |             | الثانوية العامة  | opportunity      | فرصه               |

### Definitions



|                          |                                                                                                                    |              |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| <b>debt</b>              | money that you must <b>give back</b> to someone                                                                    | دين          |
| <b>earn</b>              | Money you receive <b>for doing</b> work.                                                                           | يكسب         |
| <b>merchant</b>          | A person who <b>buys and sells</b> a lot of goods .                                                                | تاجر         |
| <b>owe</b>               | to have to pay money back or things that <b>belong to</b> others                                                   | مدين لـ      |
| <b>miserable</b>         | very unhappy, sad                                                                                                  | بانس         |
| <b>plump</b>             | slightly fat in a nice way .                                                                                       | ممتلئ الجسم  |
| <b>prison</b>            | a building where criminals <b>are kept</b> as a punishment                                                         | السجن        |
| <b>rats</b>              | animals <b>like big mice</b> with long tail s                                                                      | فئران        |
| <b>criminal</b>          | A person who commits a crime                                                                                       | مجرم         |
| <b>burglary</b>          | The crime of entering a building <b>illegally to steal</b> things                                                  | سرقه - سطو   |
| <b>steal</b>             | To take things from someone or a place <b>without permission or paying</b>                                         | يسرق         |
| <b>thief</b>             | A person who steal something from another one or place                                                             | لص           |
| <b>harbour</b>           | An area of water next to land where ships can stay safely.                                                         | ميناء        |
| <b>journalist</b>        | someone who <b>writes for</b> newspapers                                                                           | صحفي         |
| <b>novel</b>             | a story about people that are real                                                                                 | قصة          |
| <b>mutiny</b>            | When a group of people <b>refuse to obey</b> the person in charge of them and take <b>control for themselves</b> . | عصيان - تمرد |
| <b>moral</b>             | A lesson to be learned from a story                                                                                | درس اخلاقي   |
| <b>choice</b>            | A <b>decision to choose</b> one thing or person rather than another                                                | اختيار       |
| <b>reward</b>            | To be given something good for something you have done                                                             | يكافئ ماديا  |
| <b>crutch</b>            | A special stick which you put under your arm to help you walk.                                                     | عكاز         |
| <b>pirate</b>            | A sailor who attacks ships and steals from them.                                                                   | قرصان        |
| <b>gang</b>              | A group of people that causes trouble.                                                                             | عصابة        |
| <b>community</b>         | A group of people with the same interests, nationality or religion.                                                | مجتمع        |
| <b>culture</b>           | The beliefs and traditions of a group of people.                                                                   | ثقافة        |
| <b>Food bank</b>         | A place where people collect food to give others                                                                   | بنك الطعام   |
| <b>Voluntary work</b>    | A job that people <b>do for no money</b> .                                                                         | عمل تطوعي    |
| <b>Youth association</b> | A group of young people who <b>do things</b> together.                                                             | منظمه الشباب |

## Expressions

|                                  |                    |                                |                       |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>play a trick on</b>           | يلعب خدعة على      | <b>in a nice way</b>           | بطريقة جميلة          |
| <b>give a hand to</b>            | يمد يد العون لـ    | <b>at the end of .....</b>     | في نهاية .....        |
| <b>go to prison</b>              | يذهب للسجن         | <b>in the end, .....</b>       | في النهاية، .....     |
| <b>on his own = alone</b>        | وحده / بمفرده      | <b>send away</b>               | يطرده / يبعد          |
| <b>find .... a good job</b>      | يجد لفلان وظيفة    | <b>my job is to .....</b>      | وظيفتي هي أن .....    |
| <b>take ... (away) to prison</b> | يأخذ ... للسجن     | <b>a place for ... to live</b> | مكان ليعيش فيه...     |
| <b>owe .... some money</b>       | يدين لـ ... بالمال | <b>under the floors</b>        | تحت البلاط / الارضيات |
| <b>owe money to ...</b>          | يدين بالمال لفلان  | <b>help .... with</b>          | يساعد فلان في...      |
| <b>pay money back</b>            | يرد ما عليه من مال | <b>live with (someone)</b>     | يعيش مع شخص ما        |
| <b>pay for (something)</b>       | يدفع ثمن شيء       | <b>spend time +v-ing</b>       | يقضى وقت في...        |
| <b>live at his house</b>         | يعيش في بيته       | <b>spend money on .....</b>    | ينفق مال على          |

|                         |                 |                      |                      |
|-------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| hear from               | يسمع من فلان    | send .... to work in | يرسل ... ليعمل في    |
| hear of / about         | يسمع عن فلان    | have a problem with  | لديه مشكلة في...     |
| Why don't you + inf...? | لما لا .... ؟   | work for (someone)   | يعمل لصالح...        |
| How about + v-ing ...?  | ما رأيك أن ...؟ | a boy of four        | ولد ابن أربع سنين    |
| half brother            | أخ غير شقيق     | brainstorm           | يفكر بإبداع          |
| get into debt           | يقع في الدين    | brain drain          | هجرة العلماء         |
| children's labour       | عمالة الأطفال   | criminal act         | عمل إجرامي           |
| sent to prison          | يرسل للسجن      | adopt a project      | يتبنى مشروع          |
| commit a crime          | يرتكب جريمة     | go wrong             | يتعطل                |
| break into              | يقتحم           | do wrong             | يعمل خطأ             |
| break in                | اقتحام          | fall asleep          | ينام                 |
| hear from               | يتلقى أخبار من  | fall ill             | يمرض                 |
| hear of / about         | يسمع عن         | cruel to             | قاسي على             |
| think of / about        | يفكر في         | orphanage            | ملجأ أيتام           |
| violent robbery         | سطو عنيف        | do voluntary work    | يقوم بعمل تطوعي      |
| The moral of the story  | مغزى القصة      | make money           | يصبح غني             |
| earn a lot of money     | يكسب مالا كثيرا | stay in              | يقيم في              |
| find out                | يكشف            | become ill           | يمرض                 |
| break the law           | يخرق القانون    | a visit to           | زيارة الى            |
| look after              | يعتنى بـ        | have a problem with  | لديه مشكلة مع        |
| lead happy life         | يعيش حياة سعيدة | go to prison         | يذهب للسجن           |
| make a difference       | يعمل اختلاف     | run away             | يهرب                 |
| in groups               | في مجموعات      | have debts           | لديه ديون            |
| because of              | بسبب            | do/commit a crime    | يرتكب جريمة          |
| at a modern building    | في مبنى حديث    | sell a lot of goods  | يبيع كثير من البضائع |
| agree with              | يتفق مع         | feel sad             | يشعر بالحزن          |
| at the beginning of     | في بداية        | opinion about        | رأى بخصوص            |
| good at                 | جيد في          | think of/about       | يفكر في              |
| in pairs                | ثنائيات         | in my free time      | في وقت فراغي         |
| change the world        | يغير العالم     | leave school         | يترك المدرسة         |
| on the other hand       | من ناحية أخرى   | run after            | يطارد                |
| tired of                | تعبان من        | on one hand          | في يد واحدة          |
| wait that long          | ينتظر طويلا     | lead to              | يؤدي الى             |
| for no money            | مجانا           | it was not unusual   | انه مألوف            |

## Derivatives

| Verb        |          | Noun                   |              | Adjective               |              |
|-------------|----------|------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| improve     | يحسن     | improvement            | تحسن - تحسين | improved                | مُعدّل       |
| affect      | يؤثر على | effect                 | تأثير        | effective               | مؤثر         |
| die         | يموت     | death                  | موت          | deadly - dead           | مميت - ميت   |
| imprison    | يسجن     | prison - prisoner      | سجن - سجين   |                         |              |
| merchandise | بيّض     | merchandise - merchant | بضائع - سلع  | merchant - merchantable | تجاري - رائج |
| differ      | يختلف    | difference             | اختلاف       | different               | مختلف        |
| discover    | يكشف     | discovery              | اكتشاف       |                         |              |
|             |          | miser - misery         | بأس - بؤس    | miserable               | بأس          |

## Synonyms &amp; Antonyms

| Word    | الكلمة     | Synonyms | المعنى | Antonyms              | العكس |
|---------|------------|----------|--------|-----------------------|-------|
| arrange | يعد - يجهز | organise | ينظم   | disarrange - disorder | يبعثر |

|                  |             |                               |              |                                |                |
|------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|----------------|
| <b>borrow</b>    | يستأجر      | <b>acquire</b>                | يكتسب        | <b>lend</b>                    | يسلف           |
| <b>dirty</b>     | قذر         | <b>contaminated</b>           | ملوث         | <b>clean</b>                   | نظيف           |
| <b>empty</b>     | فارغ        | <b>vacant</b>                 | خالي         | <b>full</b>                    | ملي            |
| <b>hard</b>      | شاق - صعب   | <b>tough</b>                  | خشن - صعب    | <b>Soft - delicate</b>         | رقيق - مرهف    |
| <b>hate</b>      | يكره        | <b>dislike</b>                | يكره         | <b>love</b>                    | يحب            |
| <b>miserable</b> | بانس        | <b>unhappy - sad</b>          | غير سعيد     | <b>cheerful - happy</b>        | سعيد           |
| <b>plump</b>     | ممتلئ الجسم | <b>chubby</b>                 | تخين         | <b>thin</b>                    | نحيف           |
| <b>tired</b>     | تعبان       | <b>exhausted</b>              | مجهد         | <b>active - lively - fresh</b> | نشط - حيوي     |
| <b>honest</b>    | أمين        | <b>trustful</b>               | أمين         | <b>dishonest</b>               | خائن           |
| <b>admit</b>     | يعترف       | <b>confess</b>                | يعترف        | <b>deny - conceal</b>          | ينكر           |
| <b>common</b>    | شائع        | Widespread - usual - ordinary | منتشر - عادي | <b>unusual - rare</b>          | غير عادي       |
| <b>voluntary</b> | تطوعي       | <b>unpaid</b>                 | مجاني        | <b>paid - compulsory</b>       | مدفوع - اجباري |
| <b>earn</b>      | يكتسب       | <b>acquire - attain</b>       | يكتسب        | <b>lose - forfeit</b>          | يخسر           |
| <b>disabled</b>  | معوق        | <b>handicapped - unfit</b>    | معوق         | <b>able-bodied</b>             | صحيح الجسم     |
| <b>criminal</b>  | مجرم        | <b>lawbreaker = sinner</b>    | مجرم - مذنب  |                                |                |
| <b>merchant</b>  | تاجر        | <b>dealer - trader</b>        | تاجر         |                                |                |

### Language Notes

**1-in debt = indebted** مديون **debt** دين **debit** خانة المدين للبنك

He was **in debt** as he borrowed a lot of money.

Mr Micawber went to prison **because of his debts**

**2-Criminal** مجرم / اجرامي **crime** جريمة **do / commit a crime** يرتكب جريمة

**3- own** يملك **owe ...to** (شيء لشخص يدين بـ)

He **owns** a red car.

We **owe much money to** the bank.

**4-good at** جيد في **# good for** مناسب لـ **# good to** عطوف على

- He is **good at remembering** names.

- This place is **good for your health**.

**5 - other + اسم جمع** (بدون اسم) **others** (اخرين) **- another + زيادة** // (اسم مفرد) (اضافى - زيادة)

Some people like English. **Other people** don't like it.

I like this cake, give me **another one**. Some people like English. **Others don't like** it.

**6- life** (الحياة بوجه عام) **- There is no life on the moon.** **- Life is fun.**

**a life - (lives)** (نوع معين من حياة) اسم يعد غالبا يسبقها صفة **- He leads a happy life.**

**the life of + اسم** (نوع معين من حياة) اسم عاقل **- What do you know about the life of El Sadat?**

**- alive** الحياة **- Life** حي / على قيد الحياة **- Live** يعيش **- Lively** نشيط

**7 - realize** يدرك او يفهم **recognize** (يتعرف على شكل او هيئة (مكان او شخص

-He **realized** that his wallet was stolen.

-When I saw my friend, I **couldn't recognize** him.

**8- عند استخدام the** قبل صفات معينة تتحول الصفة إلى اسم جمع **: the + (adj) = a group of people**

**the poor / the rich / the disabled / the deaf / the blind / the dumb / the sick / the dead / the young / the old / the homeless / the elderly / the unemployed**

**9- spend + مبلغ مالي + on + /noun** ينفق مال **# - spend + ماضي وقت + v. ing** يقضى وقت **+ مدة زمنية +**

- He **spent** two hours **playing** the piano. - He **spent** a lot of money **on** food

**10- as** (ك- وصف وظيفة شخص) **like** مثل (للتشبيه) **alike** على السواء / متشابه

- He **works as** an engineer. / He wears glasses **like his father**. / The two children are very **alike**

**11-work for** يعمل مع @ **work out** يحسب او يحل/يستنتج @ **work on** يطور/يحسن @ **work with** يعمل مع

He **works for** an oil company.

Can you **work out** this sum?

Doctors work on a cure for cancer.

Dr Magdy worked with top surgeons.

**12 – help** يساعد (to + inf) / inf. يساعد ان

- help يساعد في شيء + with

She **helped women (to)** succeed.

He **helped me with** homework.

**13 – prison** (سجن/مكان)

**prisoner** سجين

**imprison** يسجن

**imprisonment** (الحبس)

**14- rob +** (يسرق/شخص/مكان)

**rob somebody of something**

**steal +** يسرق شيء

A gang **robbed the bank** yesterday.

They **robbed him of his money**.

The thief **stole her bag**

The thief **stole my money**.

**15-Look for** يبحث عن

**look at** ينظر الى

**Look forward to** يتطلع الى

**Look after** يعتنى ب

**Look into** يمعنى النظر فى

**Look up** يبحث عن كلمة فى قاموس

**Look like** يشبه

**Look out** يحترس

**Look up to** يحترم

**17- Lose** (يخسر/مال/مباراة/يفقد شيء)

- lose a match / a job / someone / keys / interest / patience / weight / hair /

blood / sight / memory / time / money / his mind / lose to

• He **lost his leg** in a car accident.

The team played well, but **lost the game**.

• He kept on crying and I lost my patience. - He **lost a lot of money** at races

- miss (ضريبة/جزاء / يضيع هدف / الرحلة / مباراة / يفقد (شخص) / يفوته (وسيلة مواصلات))

- miss a bus / a plane / a train / flight / breakfast / someone / a chance

-She **missed her family** badly .

The player **missed the goal**

• I **missed the start of the exam** because my bus was late.

**18-** يأتي بعد هذه الأفعال ( see / hear/notice | watch ) الفعل فى المصدر لو حضرت من البداية  
يأتي بعد هذه الأفعال ( see / hear/ notice | watch ) الفعل مضافاً له ing لو أتيت بعد البداية

- I **saw** my friends **play** football

- I **heard her singing** when I passed her house

**18- arrive in** يصل لمكان كبير - **arrive at** يصل لمكان صغير

-At last they **arrived**

-reach ( يصل ) أفقي - رأسي - معنوي - I **reached** ( Cairo – the top – my goal )

**19-quiet** هادي

-quite + (الى حد ما)

-quit (يقرر / يهجر)

-The class is **quiet**

-The tree is **quite tall**

- He has decided **to quit smoking**.

**20-He decided to leave the house.**

**-She decided on her goals.**

**21-make a mistake** يرتكب خطأ

**-He made a great mistake so he apologized.**

**22- Let +** مصدر + مفعول

**- Allow+** مفعول + to + مصدر

- She **let Oliver stay** with her at her home .

- He **allowed me to go** out

**23- Take +** مفعول + to + المصدر

- It **takes me an hour to finish** my homework.

24- يأتي بعد أفعال الحواس وأفعال بمعنى يبدو صفات ( **taste / smell / feel / see / hear / sound / look** )

-The flower **smells good** / Glass **feels smooth** / You **look cheerful** today

25- Share يشارك

-I **share a room with** my brother

- **Divide** ينقسم/يقسم

-The class **is divided into** two groups.

26- In the end ( في النهاية ) لا يأتي بعدها اسم

-At the end of+ اسم

27-burglary السرقة بالعنف - robbery سرقة محلات - shoplifting السرقة - theft السطو

## 28- Profession

مهنة أو عمل يتطلب قدرا كبيرا من التدريب والتعليم مثل الطب والمحاماة والتدريس

•He left **the teaching profession** to set up his own business.

### ♦ Work:

العمل بصفة عامة ولا تجمع وتأتي أيضا بمعنى مكان العمل

•Peter's work involves a lot of travelling.

•I have a lot of work to do.

♦ إذا جمعت كلمة work يصبح معناها مصنع أو مؤلفات أو أعمال فنية أو أدبية

♦ Job: وظيفة (تجمع) و تشير إلى عمل منتظم يقوم به الشخص لكسب المال

•When she left college, she got a job as a secretary.

•She has applied for a job with an insurance company.

### ♦ Career:

المستقبل الوظيفي / الفترة التي يقضيها الشخص في وظيفة معينة

•He has a long career in journalism. الصحافة

♦ لاحظ استخدام كلمة career مع الأفعال spend/make/build والصفات long/short/brief

•My father **spent all his career** working in a bank. •He **made a good career** for himself in football.

♦ occupation: وظيفة (وخاصة في طلبات الالتحاق بعمل) •His current occupation is a computer programmer.

♦ post: وظيفة وخاصة في شركة أو مؤسسة

•He held various **ministerial posts**.

## 29- win a prize

-earn

-gain

-beat

- He **won the second prize** in a national competition.

-He **earns 2000 pounds** a month.

-You should **gain a lot of trust** to be employable.

- **Zamalek beat El Ahly** 3 – 1 and won the cup.

## 30- sink ( يغوص للأشياء )

- drown

( يغرق للإنسان )

## 31- ( Make / made / made )

( do – did – done )

make a discovery

يكشف

make a decision

يقرر

make a mistake

يخطئ

make a trouble

يسبب متاعب

make the bed

يرتب السرير

make friends

يعمل صداقات

make a choice

يختار

make a trip

يقوم برحلة

make a suggestion

يقترح

make a question

يسأل

make a plan

يخطط

make a promise

يوعد

make a journey

يقوم برحلة

make a phone call

يعمل مكالمة

( do / did / done )

do research

يقوم ببحث علمي

do a favour

يصنع معروفًا

do repairs

يقوم بإصلاحات

do homework

يعمل الواجب

do shopping

يتسوق

do business

يقوم بعمل تجاري

do PhD

يعمل دكتوراه

do better

يتحسن

do his best

يبدل قصارى جهده

do work

يقوم بعمل

do a report on

يعد تقرير عن

do a quiz

يقوم بعمل مسابقة

do a hobby

يقوم بهواية

do exercise

يقوم بتدريب

do well

يؤدي أداء جيداً

do damage

يدمر

do the housework

يقوم بالأعمال المنزلية





baby. The baby was one of twins, and they had a boy of four and a girl of three. I soon discovered that **the Micawbers** were poor and that **Mr Micawber owed money to several people**. One morning the police came and took **Mr Micawber** away to prison **because of his debts**. I went to see him there the next Sunday. 'If a man earns twenty pounds a year and spends nineteen pounds, he'll be happy,' he said. 'But if he spends twenty pounds and a penny, he'll be **miserable**.'

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### Summary of David Copperfield

- 1 - **David Copperfield** grew up with his mother and his **stepfather, Mr Murdstone**.
- 2 - Then **David's mother** died and **Mr Murdstone** took him to live with **Mr and Mrs Micawber**. **David** had to leave school and work in a factory. Then **Mr Micawber** went to prison and **David** had nowhere to live.
- 3 - Without a home to live in, **David** visited **Aunt Betsey** and she took him to live with her friend, **Mr Wickfield**. A man called **Uriah Heep** also lived with **Mr Wickfield** and his daughter, **Agnes**, but **David** didn't **trust** him.
- 4- Some time later, **Uriah Heep** **played a trick on Aunt Betsey** and took her money and **David** worked hard to help her.
- 5 - When **David** found **Uriah Heep**, he admitted that he took **Aunt Betsey's** money and **David** made him give it back to her. Then **David** **went travelling** around Europe.
- 6 - When **David** returned to England, he married **Agnes** and he became a successful writer.

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### 1 Read the text message that Heba has sent to her friend, Amal. What does Heba want to do?

Hi Amal! Can you help me? I really want to do something to help other people in my **free time**, but I don't know what I can do. Do you have any suggestions for **voluntary work** I could do? Heba

### 2- Read the text message that Heba has sent to her friend, Amal. What does Heba want to do?

Hi Heba! Good to hear from you! Why don't you **try visiting** old people in their homes? You could also **help children with their homework** at school. Just ask your teacher. And how about **looking after** the baby animals at Youssef's farm? Amal

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### Voluntary Work

**Tarek:**

**In my opinion** **the Egyptian Food Bank (EFB)** is making the world a better place because it helps people who haven't got enough money for food, and it teaches all of us to think more.

**Samir:**

I have **experience** the work of **Tomorrow's Dreamer Youth Association**.

In my opinion, it shows young people that they can **make a difference**, and it teaches them about other **cultures and communities**. They are **doing a great job** by helping to educate a lot of young people.

**Maher:**

**The Egyptian Red Crescent** helps a lot of people every day. When there is a big **health problem**, we always see the doctors from **the Red Crescent** on TV. But they also work with communities to stop health problems from happening. One day, I want to do some **voluntary work** for them.

### Exercises on unit : 3 (Voc.)

#### 1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. I am going to work ..... a famous businessman in London.  
a) on      b) at      c) in      d) for
2. I should ..... enough money to pay for my food.  
a) gain      b) win      c) beat      d) earn
3. I've ..... a place for you to live.  
a) arranged      b) managed      c) endangered      d) earned
4. I went to a dirty old house where rats lived under the .....  
a) flour      b) flower      c) floor      d) fear
5. A woman - a thin, tired- ..... lady - was sitting with a baby.  
a) looked      b) looks      c) look      d) looking
6. The police took the man away to ..... because of his debts.  
a) the prison      b) prison      c) prisons      d) a prison
7. The hero died ..... the end of the story.  
a) of      b) at      c) in      d) with
8. He has failed the exam so he is .....  
a) miserable      b) happy      c) pleased      d) glad
9. It is a ..... work. He doesn't get any money.  
a) freelance      b) paid      c) voluntary      d) debted
10. He went to prison because he ..... the law.  
a) followed      b) made      c) broke      d) smashed
11. The prison is the place used for keeping .....  
a) winners      b) merchants      c) traders      d) criminals
12. The ..... is the person who sells goods.  
a) winner      b) merchant      c) trade      d) criminal
13. How much did you ..... for your new car?  
a) cost      b) pay      c) owe      d) receive
14. While going to Cairo, I felt something ..... wrong with my car.  
a) done      b) went      c) got      d) made
15. He always ..... tricks on his friends.  
a) plays      b) makes      c) does      d) give
16. We should try to improve our ..... with working hard..  
a) lifes      b) leaves      c) loaves      d) lives
17. My neighbours are so kind and they had a boy ..... four.  
a) with      b) for      c) of      d) to
18. I sent him a text .....to tell him about the time of the meeting.....  
a) massage      b) message      c) massive      d) missels
19. He ..... a good suggestion  
a) made      b) did      c) performed      d) gifted
20. Charles Dickens wrote great ..... like, "Oliver Twist" and "David Copperfield".  
a) plays      b) novels      c) reports      d) poems
21. Thieves and criminals are sent to ..... to have their punishment.  
a) the cinema      b) prison      c) the restaurant      d) school
22. People, who borrow a lot of money, have .....  
a) pains      b) mess      c) debts      d) spaces
23. A father has to work hard to ..... enough money for his family.  
a) win      b) earn      c) reward      d) rob
24. I must be ..... for my work so that I can support my family.  
a) earned      b) paid      c) believed      d) won
25. .... should be punished severely for the crimes they commit.  
a) Criminals      b) Caramel      c) Commuters      d) Cullers

26. .... the end, Oliver was adopted by Mr Brownlow and lived happily.  
a) At      b) Of      c) In      d) On
27. The boy spent a lot of time ..... cartoons on his mobile.  
a) watching      b) to watch      c) watch      d) watched
28. It is important for the writer to ..... his story  
a) plan      b) planning      c) plane      d) plant
29. I really want to do something to help other people in my ..... time.  
a) free      b) fare      c) fair      d) flee
30. Do you have any suggestion for ..... work I can do?  
a) volunteer      b) voluntary      c) volume      d) vacuum
31. Since my uncle travelled abroad , I haven't heard ..... him  
a) of      b) about      c) from      d) off
32. I appreciate the girls who help their mothers ..... their housework  
a) with      b) about      c) in      d) off
33. Physical exercise can ..... a big difference to our health.  
a) shake      b) make      c) take      d) bake
34. I'm going to work ..... a famous businessman soon.  
a) in      b) on      c) at      d) for
35. If you work hard, you'll earn enough money to pay your debts .....  
a) in      b) back      c) at      d) for
36. My pen friend is coming to Egypt. I've arranged a place for him .....  
a) live      b) lives      c) living      d) to live
37. At last, I found a job but it was hard .....  
a) career      b) prosession      c) work      d) position
38. My job was ..... empty bottles with three other boys, and I hated it.  
a) to wash      b) washed      c) wash      d) to washing
39. He borrowed a lot of money and owed money ..... several people.  
a) to      b) for      c) of      d) from
40. We should.....less than we earn to live happily.  
a) find      b) spend      c) have      d) send
41. If we spend more than we earn , we 'll have debts and.....  
a) sadly      b) happy      c) miserable      d) penny
42. Some people work hard for several hours to ..... their living.  
a) gain      b) win      c) earn      d) beat
43. Wait until you hear ..... the lawyer then make your decision.  
a) from      b) of      c) about      d) at
44. I'm so happy with my new business because I have an honest .....  
a) parter      b) porter      c) partner      d) part
45. After the preparatory school, you went to a ..... school.  
a) low      b) primary      c) first      d) high
46. Last week, I had no money, but today I ..... some money from my family.  
a) sent      b) lent      c) received      d) gave
47. When you ..... something new, you should ask others' advice.  
a) do      b) make      c) does      d) makes
48. She is a talented dressmaker. She ..... clothes to famous ladies.  
a) do      b) make      c) does      d) makes
49. She is pregnant and she is going to ..... a baby soon.  
a) give      b) have      c) find      d) receive
50. The prison is the place where we ..... criminals.  
a) preserve      b) keep      c) reward      d) ease
51. We were travelling fast, but suddenly something ..... wrong so we were late.  
a) went      b) go      c) goes      d) do
52. He studied hard so he ..... all his exams.  
a) succeeded      b) failed      c) passed      d) passed in
53. I'm so tired. Please, can yo take ..... home.  
a) I      b) me      c) mine      d) my
54. We should be strict with those who ..... the law.

a) respect      b) follow      c) break      d) apply

55- Poor Sara, She has a cold, she's got a pain in her arm and feels.....

a) miser      b) miserable      c) misery      d) comfort

56-Footballers often ..... a lot of money and also.....fame

a) win      b) gain      c) work      d) earn

57- You bought me my theatre ticket yesterday, so I ..... you some money

a) owe      b) own      c) belong      d) borrow

58- Hany was sent to ..... for attacking a man with a knife..

a) palace      b) paradise      c) prison      d) hotel

59- The farmer got a cat after he had a problem with .....

a) bats      b) cows      c) ants      d) rats

60- My baby sister never stops eating! She is ....., healthy and happy!

a) bump      b) plump      c) dumb      d) thumb

61-My brother played a ..... on me and made me go to school on Friday this week!

a-truck      b-tick      c-trick      d-stick

62- The market was full of ..... who were selling goods from all over the country.

a-buyers      b-miracles      c-traitors      d-merchants

63- Hazem and Imad have the same parents and the same birthdays. They are ..... .

a. twins      b. twice      c. twine      d. towers

64-Fire officers are still trying to..... the cause of the fire.

a) invent      b) find      c) discover      d) explore

65-If you drive too fast, you will break the..... The police might fine you.

a- law      b- promise      c- record      d- low

66-Their new advertising campaign has been very ..... They have sold a lot of goods.

a) success      b) failed      c) successful      d) failure

67-Ali is very good ..... languages

a) by      b) at      c) on      d) in

68- .....students got all their answers right in the test.

a) sever      b) severely      c) several      d) severe

69- When he wanted to pay for his things ,he ..... that his wallet was stolen.

a) recognized      b) made      c) explored      d) realised

70-This man has committed several crimes. He is a.....

a-solider      b-detective      c-criminal      d-officer

72-He was imprisoned although he didn't .....the crime.

a) do      b) make      c) have      d) take

73- The policeman asked the woman to .....the thief who stole her bag.

a) find      b) tell      c) search      d) describe

74-Most charities rely on ..... contributions from the public

a) volunteer      b) voluntary      c) volume      d) vacuum

75- only the.....can take part in the Paralympics games.

a) able      b) disabled      c) blind      d) healthy

76-Some students like French. .... don't like it

a) another      b) other      c) others      d) the other

77-We can see the plays at the.....

a) cinema      b) factory      c) bookshop      d) theatre

78-I don't agree.....you on that point.

a) to      b) with      c) on      d) for

79-I don't know who is phoning. Can you .....?

a) find      b) guess      c) reach      d) remember

80- Our Society should look .....homeless children .

a) at      b) over      c) after      d) out

81-I saw him ..... a few minutes ago

a) to leave      b) to leaving      c) leaving      d) left

82-Unfortauntely, I .....the train to Luxor.

a) caught      b) stopped      c) lost      d) missed

83-They thought money would ..... all their problems.

a) explain      b) answer      c) solve      d) tell



84. He applied for ..... as a tour guide in a tourist company.

a. work                      b. a work                      c. career                      d. a job

85. Rodayna has a ..... brother and sister called Abdulrahman and Sam.

a. twins                      b. twin                      c. pair                      d. pair

86. Your cruel words have ..... her feelings.

a. lived                      b. encouraged                      c. heard                      d. hurt

87. I ..... my sister a great deal. She has looked after me after my mother's death.

a. own                      b. owe                      c. collect                      d. realise

88. Building the new house left him a million dollars in .....

a. opinion                      b. opportunity                      c. debt                      d. difference

89. This has been out of water for quarter an hour. However it is still .....

a. alive                      b. live                      c. living                      d. lives

90-. I like to help disabled children ..... their problems.

a) at                      b) with                      c) by                      d) from

### Advanced Exercises on unit ( 3 )

1.The police ..... his sudden fortune with the bank robbery.

a. paid                      b. mistook                      c. planned                      d. associated

2. There was a coverage of the conference ..... on TV .

a. alive                      b. live                      c. living                      d. lively

3. .... animals are kept on farms

a. Alive                      b. Live                      c. Living                      d. Lives

4 Egypt was famous for cotton .....

a. culture                      b. association                      c. opportunity                      d. section

5. There was a/an ..... between Egypt and high-quality cotton

3. culture                      b. association                      c. opportunity                      d. section

6. I a feeling of nausea ..... when I am on a boat.

a. pay                      b. brainstorm                      c. fee                      d. experience

7. Being very old and not able to walk , he feels ..... in his house

a. joked                      b. imprisoned                      c. lived                      d. reviewed

8. This cream will renew the ..... of your skin.

a. youth                      b. culture                      c. crescent                      d. beliefs

9. He is a close friend of mine; not just a / an .....

a. associate                      b. dreamer                      c. character                      d. poor

10. I owe ..... of thanks to my teachers.

a. mistake                      b. interest                      c. earn                      d. debt

11. My first ..... was in my father's office.

a. career                      b. profession                      c. work                      d. job

12. Do you think this shop will be a good ..... . I mean will it bring us alot of money.

a. earner                      b. character                      c. master                      d. worker

13. The manager's cruelty ..... the employer's spirit.

a) mended                      b) broke                      c) repaired                      d) supported

14. His gambling soon put him deeply in ..... , so he sold all his possessions.

a) fortune                      b) gain                      c) missing                      d) debt

15. He ----the motor because the weather was terrible and he couldn't continue his journey.

a) enabled                      b) disabled                      c) broke                      d) postponed

16. The prisoners made a ..... attempt to escape and were caught almost immediately.

a) preferable                      b) miserable                      c) respectable                      d) enjoyable

17. Taking English courses will give you a/an ..... to have a good occupation.

a) stability                      b) opportunity                      c) discovery                      d) property

18. He was a thin child, but he ..... out when he went to live with his grandmother. she feeds him so much food.

a) plumped                      b) slumped                      c) stuffed                      d) pumped

19. He ..... great pain after the accident. Now he is trying to recuperate.

a) earned                      b) spread                      c) expired                      d) experienced

20. When I had finished, my friend took me ..... as I was so tired.

a) to home                      b) to the home                      c) home                      d) at home

## Grammar

### PRESENT PERFECT

### المضارع التام

#### Form:

have / has + P.P. ....

- I **have tidied** my bedroom.

- Ali **has played** tennis for an hour.

1- يستخدم المضارع التام للتعبير عن حدث تم في الماضي وأثره مازال موجود في الحاضر.

- Ahmed **has hurt** his leg, so **he can't play football today**

- She **has cleaned** the kitchen.

(The kitchen is clean now)

- He **has broken** his leg.

(He can't walk easily)

- Ahmed **has hurt** his leg, so **he can't play football today**.

2- يستخدم المضارع التام للسؤال عن الخبرات السابقة دون تحديد وقت حدوثها عادة مع (ever) و (never)

- I **have never eaten** Chinese food.

- **Have you ever ridden** a camel?

- **Have you ever met** anyone famous?

- I **have never flown** on a plane. **Have you ever tried** snorkelling?

3- يعبر عن حدث تم في الماضي دون تحديد وقت حدوثه. وعند التحديد نستخدم ماضي بسيط :

- She **has polished** her shoes.

- He **has fed** the sheep.

- Ahmed **has been** to many countries, but he **hasn't visited** England yet.

لاحظ الاختلاف الثاني تم تحديد الزمن لذلك استخدمنا ماضي بسيط

- She **has polished** her shoes.

- She **polished** her shoes **yesterday**.

4- يدل المضارع التام على حدث متكرر ( عدد ما تم انجازه ) ( أي أن ذلك الحدث قابل للحدوث مرة أخرى ) :

- Ronaldo has scored **a hundred goals**.

(He can score more.)

- She has been to the cinema **twice this week**. (and the week isn't over yet.)

- I have been to France **three times**.

- لكن إذا استخدمنا الماضي البسيط مع حدث متكرر فمعنى ذلك أن الحدث توقف :

- He wrote 46 novels. (He stopped writing. / he died)

• I'm sure I **haven't seen** this man **before**.

5- يستخدم إذا انتهت الجملة بكلمة before :

يستخدم المضارع التام مع الكلمات الآتية:

**Just / already / yet / so far** حتى الآن **ever / never / lately / recently**

**since / for / so far / up till now**

ملاحظات

- لاحظ أن **ever / never / just / already** تأتي بين **have / has** والتصرييف الثالث PP.

- I **have just written** the letter.

- He **has already eaten** his lunch.

♦ يمكن أن تأتي **already** في نهاية الجملة:

• Twenty million people **have seen** the film **already**.

♦ نستخدم **already** في الأسئلة.

- **Have you already written** to John?

الاختلاف بين (**already - just**) في الجملة:

• I **have just finished** the homework. • = I finished the homework a moment ago.

• I've **already done** the job.

• = I did the job two hours ago.

**Choose:** The plane has ( already – just ) flown . I can see it in the sky.

يمكن استخدام (**ever**) في السؤال وفي الإثبات في الجمل التي تتضمن صفة درجة ثلاثة أو رقم ترتيبي

- Have you ( **ever – never** ) seen a real lion ?

- This is **the strangest match** I **have ever watched**.

- This is **the most interesting film** I've **ever watched**.

لاحظ استخدام **ever** في السؤال و **never** في الإجابة :

- **Have you ever travelled by plane?** • No, I have **never** travelled by plane.

تستخدم نثرثق أيضا قبل صفه المقارنه وقبل **such**

- I have **never** watched a **more interesting** film **than** this one.
- I have **never** met a taller boy **than** Ali.
- I have **never** watched **such an interesting** film **like** this one.

~~~~~

- تستخدم **yet** في نهاية الأسئلة لان الحدث لم يتم و الجمل المنفية

- They **haven't eaten lunch yet**.
- **Has he arrived yet?**

وإذا تم الحدث نستخدم **already** وليس **yet** في نهاية السؤال

- Have you finished the test ( yet – already )? – You are quick.
- Have you finished the test ( yet – already )? – You should hurry.

- He came late, **yet** he attended the meeting.

ملحوظة **yet** بمعنى لكن او مع ذلك

~~~~~

- Has Salah scored goals **lately / recently**? السؤال ( **recently / lately** ) بنفس الطريقة في السؤال

في النفي ( **lately** ) في الإثبات و ( **recently** ) - يفضل استخدام

- She **has moved** to a new house **recently**.
- He **hasn't phoned** me **lately**.

~~~~~

- نستخدم ( **has / have been to** ) بمعنى ذهب لمكان وعاد أما ( **has / have gone to** ) ذهب لمكان وما زال هناك ( لم يعد )

- My sister **has gone** to school. (She is still at school now.)
- My sister **has been to** the cinema. (She isn't there now).

~~~~~

- يستخدم المضارع التام للتعبير عن حدث بدأ في الماضي و ما زال مستمرا حتى الآن مع ( **since** ) و ( **for** )

- Mona **has studied** English **for** ten years.
- We **have been** at this school **since** 2012.
- I **have lived** in Tanta **since** 1984 (= and I still do.)
- Susan **hasn't finished** her homework **yet**. (= and she is still doing it.)

- يأتي بعد **since** نقطة زمنية تحدد بداية الحدث أما **for** يأتي بعدها مدة هذا الحدث.

| Since (+ بداية المدة )                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | For + مدة كاملة                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Last (week- month – year – Monday - night<br>1995 / 5 o'clock / Sunday<br>The /this morning – yesterday<br>Lunch time – spring – then<br>His arrival/ childhood/death-<br>Marriage/ birthday<br>I /He/she <u>was</u> ..... /the age of.....<br>Since the last + اسم<br>since the last visit-the last holiday | a while –a moment-a second-a minute- an<br>hour -a day- a night- a week – a month –<br>a season- a year ( five days /ten years )<br>a long time / ages ) / a decade / / ever<br>–more than-some time<br>مدة زمنية + the last/past<br>the last week/month. For<br>وتاتي مع كل ما ينتهي ب s و a/an |

- We **have owned** this house **since** 1988 - He **has known** the same friends **for** 3years.

- كما يأتي بعد **since** أيضا اسم يدل علي وقت معلوم مثل

- **lunch / lunchtime / his childhood / her wedding / their arrival.....**

- She **has stayed** her since **her marriage**.
- He **has known** the same friends **since his childhood**.

- I **haven't seen** him **since** he **left** for Cairo

- الجملة التي تأتي بعد **since** تكون زمن الماضي بسيط

- إذا كان التحويل من ( **for** ) إلي ( **since** ) صعب ( أي المدة لا يمكن تحويلها إلي نقطة زمنية ) نستخدم التركيبة التالية

**It ( is – has been ) since** مدة ماضى بسيط

- He **hasn't travelled** for ages. (since)
- It is ages **since** he travelled.

He hasn't studied for a long time. ( since ) - It is a long time since he studied.

- كما يستخدم المضارع التام إذا وجدنا الجملة ما يلي

- It's/This is the first (second...) time... - It's the first time I have been to this place.
- It's (This) is the only... - This is the only play I have seen.
- In the last few years / months..... - Egypt **has changed** a lot **in the last few years**.
- In recent years - It **has not rained** in the Western Desert **in recent years**.
- Over the ages / over the years.... - The earth **has become** more crowded **over the ages**.

~~~~~

**Have/has been +V- ing**

**المضارع التام المستمر من**

ويُعبّر عن حدث بدأ واستمر حتى الآن

- **I've been studying** all day.

للتوضيح نتيجة موقف في الحاضر

- **I've been running.** That's why I'm so tired.

- **It's been raining** a lot recently

ويُعبّر عن حدث استمر بشكل منتظم من الماضي الى الحاضر

- **I've been learning** Greek for the last few months.

ويستخدم المضارع التام المستمر غالباً مع:

**All day / all week/ all afternoon/ all evening / for...now/for..not yet/ since / lately / recently / over the last few months**

لاحظ استخدام المضارع التام فقط:

- My uncle **has joined** the army.

1- عندما لا يستغرق الفعل وقتاً طويلاً

- Mona **has sent** me **three e-mails**.

2- عندما نذكر عدد المرات التي قمنا فيها بالحدث

3- في حالة وجود أفعال الحواس و الشعور والادراك لا تستخدم في الأزمنة المستمرة:

- **I've known** Yara since kindergarten.

**Mr El Sebaei Grammar exercises** تمارين الوحدة الثالثة **Mr El Sebaei**

**Choose the correct answer:**

- 1- Have you met the manager ( just - yet - ever - since ) ?
- 2- Dalia has practised her hobby ( since - for - yet - recently ) a long time.
- 3- Reham (visits - has visited - is visiting - visit ) London recently
- 4- They ( have been - have gone - had gone - gone ) to the USA. They are in Cairo now.
- 5- She ( has left - leaves - left - would leave ) for work already
- 6- Have you eaten all these bananas ( ever - never - already - since ) ?
- 7- Samir and Nagy ( were - have gone - have been - had been ) friends all their lives.
- 8- I have known him ( since - when - for - ago ) we joined the university.
- 9- Noha has ( already - yet - never - ever ) cleaned her room. It looks nice now.
- 10- Adel has graduated from university ( for - since - in - until ) 2003.
- 11- We have lived in Cairo since we ( have married - married - get married - marry )
- 12- The manager has met many people ( when - on - after - since ) he arrived at his office.
- 13- It's five hours since she ( has come - come - coming - came ) back home.
- 14- He ( eats - has eaten - had eaten - is eating ) three sandwiches up till now
- 15- This tree ( grew - grows - will grow - has grown ) phenomenally tall over the years.
- 16- They ( lived - have lived - were living - live ) in Luxor since 2015.
- 17- I can't phone my parents because I ( lost - was losing - have lost - lose ) my phone.
- 18- Nawal hasn't studied the present ( already - yet - ago - recent )
- 19- The plane ( left - already left - just left - has just left ). I can see it in the sky!
- 20- My uncle has lived abroad ( for - already - yet - since ) five years ago .
- 21- Hala cannot play tennis because she ( hurt - had hurt - hurts - has hurt ) her hand
- 22- Basel is not hungry because he ( has eaten - eats - is eaten - ate ) a big lunch.
- 23- We can't go home by bus because the last bus ( left - has left - leaves - had left )
- 24- Hamid's hair is wet because he ( has - had had - has had - had ) a shower.
- 25- Radwa doesn't know what flying is like as she ( flies - never flew - has never flown - not flies ).
- 26- What have you ( ever - yet - since - never ) done that you would like to do?
- 27- How long have you studied English ( ago - just - since - for ) ?
- 28- ( For - Until - About - Since ) when have you lived in your home?
- 29- I have never eaten shrimps ( ever - by - before - after )

- 30 -Where is your father? My father ( **has been - has gone - had gone - had been** ) to Cairo.
- 31-Help! I ( **lose- lost - have lost -am losing** ) my wallet. How can I get home?
- 32-Last night I( **lose- lost- have lost -am losing** ) my keys - I had to call my neighbour to let me in.
- 37- You look pale. ( **Has anything happened - Will anything happen - had anything happened - Was anything happening** ) to you ?
- 34-They( **learned- learn- have learned- had learned** ) all the new words. They needn't worry about the test.
- 35- Many people ( **grew - have grown - had grown - has grown** ) up reading the books of Abdel-Tawab Youssef.
- 36- I ( **have just finished - just finish - had just finished - were just finishing** ) one of his books, called My Father, An Egyptian Teacher.
- 37- She ( **had written - have written - wrote - has written** ) a book about why the writer became so successful.
- 38- Since he ( **has become - have become - became - become** ) famous in Egypt, people have translated his books into many languages.
- 39- His books ( **influence - influenced - has influenced - have influenced** ) children for many years.
- 40- It's two weeks since we last ( **met - have met - had met - has met** ).
- 41- This is the most interesting book I have ( **never - ever - yet - just** ) read .
- 42- Oh! I ( **lost - lose - am losing - have lost** ) my passport. What should I do?
- 43- Tamer ( **had - has had - has - is having** ) a lot of health problems since he started living in that polluted city.
- 44- Adel ( **hasn't contacted - didn't contact - doesn't contact - hadn't contacted** ) me since he left Cairo.
- 45- I have never ( **gone - been - seen - visited** ) to the zoo before.
- 46- My cousin has lived abroad ( **when - for - ago - since** ) his childhood.
- 47- Belal is not here. He has ( **gone - been - seen - visited** ) to the dentist's.
- 48- Omar, ( **has - have - did - had** ) you read that book I recommended?
- 49- I ( **hasn't - haven't - didn't - hadn't** ) finished the book yet.
- 50- I started reading the story on Saturday but I have been busy ( **since - for- ago yet** ) then.
- 51- Shady has been very busy since he ( **has begun - begin - began - begins** ) working for that charity.
- 52- Nothing like this has ( **never - lately - ever - just** ) happened to me.
- 53- Have you ( **ever tried - tried ever - never tried - tried never** ) English food?
- 54- Many of today's great writers ( **have also worked - also work - has also worked - also worked** ) as teachers.
- 55- Michael Morpurgo is a famous English writer. He ( **write - wrote - has written - is writing** ) many books for children.
- 56- He started writing stories for children when he ( **has been - have been - had been - was** ) a primary school teacher.
- 57- Many of his most famous stories, ( **have been made - be made - was made - made** ) into successful films.
- 58- Ali ( **isn't - didn't - wasn't - hasn't been** ) hungry because he has eaten a big lunch.
- 59- My brother ( **is going - will go - has gone - has been** ) to Paris, he came back last week.
- 60- Since the computer was used in schools, remarkable progress in education ( **has made - has been made - had made - had been made** ).
- 61- My uncle ( **is - will be - has been - is being** ) to Germany lately.
- 62- We haven't seen him ( **since - for - from - in** ) over a year.
- 63- A long time has passed ( **when - because - since - until** ) I last saw him.
- 64- She has been to America. This means that she ( **is still - is no longer - will be - won't be** ) there.
- 65- Something is wrong with his car, so he ( **has taken - took - was taken - is being taken** ) it to the garage.
- 66- We ( **haven't decided - didn't decide - hadn't decided - don't decide** ) what to do for the holidays yet.
- 67- I ( **have had - had - had had - was having** ) my own computer for three years now.



68- Agatha Christie's books ( have been translated - were being translated - translated - have translated ) into more than 40 languages.

69- Ali ( is - has been - is being - had been ) at university for three years. He comes home every weekend.

70- Shakespeare ( has written - wrote - had written - was written ) 37 plays.

71- We moved to this house two years ago today. So we ( lived - live - has lived - have lived ) here for two years.

72- It is ages since we ( have read - had heard - heard - was hearing ) some good news.

73- You can't talk to Tarek because he ( used to go - had gone - has just gone - goes ) out.

74- ( For - In - At - Since ) he became famous, his books have been translated into many languages,

75- I haven't heard from my brother ( since - ago - just - for ) his travel.

76- We started to live here more than 20 years ( for - ago - since - so far ).

77- We have lived here ( for - ago - since - so far ) more than 20 years.

78- ( Do schools - Were schools - Had schools been - Have schools been ) wrong to teach everyone in the same way?

79- Have you ( never been - yet been - even been - ever been ) in a plane?

80- This is the first time we ( had been - have been - went - was going ) to a theatre.

81- He will welcome us as soon as we ( arrived - will arrive - arriving - have arrived ).

82. Never ..... an American tourist up till now.

a. did he meet      b. has he met      c. he met      d. he has met

83. He hasn't... been abroad. His next visit to Saudi Arabia will be the first one.

a. after      b. never      c. ever      d. since

84. I ..... Chinese. I've passed three modules so far.

aa. studied      b. 'm studying      c. was studying      d. have studied

85. A: ..... your brother still a student ? B: No, he has just left university.

a. Was      b. Has      c. Is      d. Did

86. It's two weeks ..... I last met aunt Nadia.

a. ago      b. for      c. since      d. as

87. Mustafa has ..... the club for three hours. I wonder when he will return home.

a. been to      b. been in      c. gone to      d. gone in

88. I last met him ..... he moved to a new house.

a. yet      b. for      c. since      d. when

## 2- 1- Choose the Two (2) correct answers out of the Five (5) options given:

1. You can't say she is fat. She is plump no more. " The word 'donated' can be replaced by.....

a. clumsy      b. obese      c. pump      d. podgy      e. stocky

2. "He admitted the mistake he'd made." The word 'admit' in this sentence can be replaced by...

a. denied      b. concealed      c. confessed      d. concede      e. receive

3. Voluntary is to.....as miserable is to happy

a. unpaid      b. free      c. expensive      d. selfish      e. compulsory

4. She looked miserable." 'Miserable' here is antonymous with .....

a. depressed      b. happy      c. contented      d. poor      e. helpless

5. "You shouldn't waste your time." In this sentence, the words 'not waste' can be best replace by...

a. rescue      b. spend      c. save      d. waste      e. keep

6. "This area is policed by the army". The verb "policed" here means.....

a. disagreed      b. controlled      c. regulated      d. lose      e. waste

7. Craftsmen.....a lot of money as a lot of people need them.

a. do      b. make      c. gain      d. earn      e. pay

8. I'd like to borrow your car to go to Cairo. The antonyms of borrow are.....

a. dislike      b. lend      c. disorder      d. organise      e. return

9. People like their honest ones. The synonyms of honest are.....

a. chubby      b. sincere      c. delicate      d. dishonest      e. trustful

10. Our neighbour is a friendly ..... We like him>

a. robber      b. plump      c. character      d. person      e. honest

**Advanced Exercises on unit ( 3 )**

1. Nothing is better than being friendly and honest with people, ..... ?  
a) is not it      b) does it      c) is it      d) isn't it
2. I couldn't decide ..... to buy for my mother in her birthday.  
a) what      b) who      c) whose      d) that
3. I can't have a talk with you now as I am ..... to leave.  
a) away      b) about      c) being      d) around
4. I He couldn't answer the phone ..... he was sleeping.  
a) after      b) although      c) however      d) since
5. When I looked at that man, I was so terrified as he was so .....  
a) frightening      b) frightened      c) frighten      d) fright
6. .... Mona about the journey till I come. I want to tell her myself.  
a) Tell      b) Will tell      c) won't tell      d) Don't tell
7. He was very tired as he ..... for 12 hours.  
a) has been working      b) has worked      c) was being worked      d) had been working
8. Don't buy goods that ..... a trademark.  
a. haven't      b. hasn't      c. don't have      d. doesn't have
- 9- He . ..... there for ten years. He left the company last year.  
a has worked      b. have worked      c. worked      d. was working
- 10.I ..... in the chat room since five o'clock when the phone rang.  
a. am      b. was      c. had been      d. has been
11. A : How long have you lived here ? B: I've lived here ..... about fiveyears ago.  
a. at      b. for      c. since      d.in
12. I injured my knee and I haven't played football ..... .  
a. already      b. never      c. for      d. since
13. We have lived here ..... fall.  
a. yet      b. already      c. since      d. for
14. They ..... for ten years when I met them. It was in Paris in 2016.  
a. married      b. had been married      c. have married      d. have been married
15. This is the first time I have ever travelled alone. I mean to say that .....  
a. I'm travelling alone for the first time.      b. I have ever travelled alone.  
c. I haven't never travelled alone.      d. I travelled alone only once.
16. My secretary...three emails today. She will send the rest in a few minutes.  
a. sent      b. has sent      c. has been sent      d. had sent
17. Have you finished your homework ..... ? - You are very quick.  
a. yet      b. ever      c. already      d. just
- 18.It is the first time for me ..... alone.  
a. travel      b. to travel      c. to travelling      d. have ever travelled
- 43.This is the first time I ..... alone.  
a. travel      b. to travel      c. to travelling      d. have ever travelled

**TEST THREE**

1- Choose the Two (2) correct answers out of the Five (5) options given:

1. The thief admitted killing the young lady. The synonyms of admit are.....

a. trust      b. confess      c. deny      d. acknowledge      e. doubt

2. I haven't seen any thing unusual. The antonyms of unusual are.....

a. common      b. essential      c. unwilling      d. conventional      e. unfortunate

**1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1-Nora looked.....when her husband died last year.

a) miserable      b) death      c) empty      d) hard

2-Footballers often ..... a lot of money.

a) win      b) gain      c) work      d) earn

3- He had enough money to pay off his father's.....

a) money      b) jobs      c) debts      d) doubts

4- After my business failed, I.....a lot of money to the bank.

a) owed      b) owned      c) arranged      d) borrowed 5-

5-Hany was sent to ..... for attacking a man with a knife..

a) palace      b) factory      c) prison      d) hotel

6- You are allowed to.....six books from the library at a time.

a) lend      b) owe      c) borrow      d) earn

7-The officers are still trying to.....the cause of the fire.

a) expend      b) explore      c) invent      d) discover

8- The judge assured that the directors had.....the law and sent them to prison.

a) supported      b) broken      c) gone      d) issued

9- Our Society should look .....homeless children .

a) forward      b) for      c) after      d) up

10-Everyone.....Momen Zakaria because of his serious disease.

a) supports      b) lets      c) allows      d) gives

11-Hany has gone on holiday .....the last two weeks.

a) on      b) for      c) when      d) since

12-There.....a lot of changes in the world lately.

a) are      b) were      c) had been      d) have been

13-She .....for work an hour ago.

a) has left      b) left      c) is leaving      d) will leave

14-He last went on holiday.....he was still a boy.

a) after      b) for      c) when      d) since

15-Have you see the match? Yes, I .....it yesterday.

a) see      b) have seen      c) would see      d) saw

16-I think that Kamal is the most inspiring teacher I have.....known.

a) ever      b) never      c) recently      d) just

Read the following passage then answer the questions:

A good education is a system that makes student better. A good education increases children's creativity, helps them enjoy studying and helps them in their future career. Finland which is a European country is believed by many to have the best education system in the world, despite the fact that Finns spend little money on education and have an average of nearly 30 students per class. What makes their schools good ?

They consider education itself to be the most important goal than a way to get a well-paid job. Learning is valued and teachers are respected. In fact, teaching is the number one favourite profession among Finnish teenagers. In a world where so many people want jobs with status, the Finnish example is quite different .

Teachers in Finland are paid no more than their colleagues in other European countries, but they enjoy great job satisfaction. The main reason for this is the freedom they have to teach the material in any way they wish . Finnish students are pretty and happy too. There are no standardized national tests, which means they're not under the pressure as other European students to get highest marks they can in all-important end-of-year exams.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: (10 marks)

- 1 - There are.....hundred students in each class in Finland.  
a – more than a third                      b – less than a third  
c – exactly a third                          d – half a third
- 2 - The underlined word "They" refers to .....  
a- students        b- Finland     c- teachers        d- Finns
- 3- Finland doesn't spend.....money on education .  
a- much            b- any            c- little            d – less
- 4 - The Finnish..... learning .  
a- ignore            b- insult            c – appreciate        d- neglect
- 5 - We can find the best education system in the world in.....  
a- Africa            b- Europe            c- Finnish            d- Asia
- 6 – There is only a .....exam in Finland's education system  
a- yearly        b- monthly            c- weekly            d - daily
- 7 – The underlined word " career " can be replaced by .....  
a- occupation    b- job            c- profession        d - a, b and c
- 8 – The writer in the passage may be a .....  
a- conductor        b- researcher        c- student            d- coach
- 9 – " Finnish teenagers" are boys and girls whose age is between .....years old  
a - 10 and 19        b - 11 and 19        c - 12 and 19        d - 13 and 19
- 10– According to the passage a good education is a .....that makes students better .  
a- hall            b- technique        c- road            d- technology

**Translate into English:**

طموحي في المستقبل أن أعمل في مجال السياحة لكي أمارس التحدث باللغة الانجليزية.

**Translate into Arabic:**

We should know that we cannot change our country in just one day or can eradicate the wrong things alone as this needs efforts of all the citizens of the country.

**5) Write an essay of about 150 words on one only of the following topics:**

1. Types of communication in the future.
2. How to choose a true friend

**TEST REVISION D**

## Revision 1 Units 1, 2, 3

### READING

#### Raneem El Weleily

Raneem El Weleily is one of Egypt's most **famous** faces. She was world **champion** of the squash World Open in 2017, when she beat another Egyptian, Nour El Sherbini. She also **twice** reached the final in 2014 and 2016 and was the world's top women squash player in 2019. Raneem was born in Alexandria in 1989. She first played for Egypt's squash team when she was only ten. She became **World Junior Champion** in both 2005 and 2007 before winning her first **competition** as an adult in 2009. She is now **married to** another top squash player, Tarek Momen. When she is not playing squash, she likes to listen to music and **do puzzles**, but it is her success at squash that has **inspired** many young Egyptians to play the game.



#### Mohamed Elneny

Mohamed Elneny is a famous Egyptian **footballer**. He is a strong player, and he has played for the **Egyptian national team** more than 60 times. He has scored more than six times for Egypt, and he is often on television. Elneny was born in 1992 and moved from his **boyhood club** Al Ahly, in Cairo, to Al-Mokawlon in Nasr City in 2010. He played for Al-Mokawlon at the same time as Mohamed Salah, and the two footballers **became** good **friends**. In 2013, Elneny went to **Switzerland** and **joined** Basel, one year after Salah went to the same club. Then Elneny went to London, England to join Arsenal. He is still good friends with Salah. 'I'm happy to have been with him since the **beginning** and he has not changed,' he says.



Elneny



## Listening

- Presenter:** *Many people want to work with animals or to help the environment. a good way to get experience of this kind of work is as a volunteer. This means working without money, sometimes in another country, and it can be very hard work, but most young people love the experience. We spoke to three young student volunteers to find out what they did during their summer holidays last year.*
- Adam :** Hi, my name's Adam. I spent the summer working with an organization based on the Red Sea coast in Egypt. It's a beautiful place and many people go there for a holiday.  
Most tourists like to go diving to see the colourful fish. However, there are so many tourists know that some of the fish are finding life difficult. My job was to help monitor the impact tourists are having. So, while the tourists were at the beach, or swimming in the sea, I was on a boat counting and monitoring marine life in different areas. It's important to know where the fish are and how many there are of them.  
Then, at the end of the day, while the tourists were eating in restaurants, I was with a team helping to clean the beaches. It was hard work, but I really enjoyed it. I'm sure my work has helped people to understand the impact tourists have on the Red Sea.
- Lara :** *My name's Lara and I've recently returned from Greece. I spent most of my time on a quiet beach watching big turtles! These beautiful animals visit the same beach every year to lay their eggs. They lay a lot of eggs, but many of the eggs are taken by birds, or flooded by the rain and the sea. These turtles are endangered, so each one of their eggs is important. It was my job to help protect the eggs and stop tourists visiting the areas where the eggs lie in the sand. It can be a bit of a disaster when tourists visit and put sun umbrellas in the same place as the turtle eggs! The work was very tiring because we often worked at night. So when my friends were sleeping, I was there on the beach! But it was a great place and I love observing the big, slow turtles when they left the beach and slowly swam off into the sea. In my opinion, it's a great project and I've learned a lot more about conservation, too.*
- Munir :** I'm Munir and I've just spent an amazing few weeks in the north of Thailand. It's a very isolated area and I had to take an internal flight to get there. Thailand is known for its elephants, and many farmers use them on their farms. The elephants are also used to carry tourists. Not all the elephants have an easy life, so I worked with conservationists who were trying to help elephants return to a more natural life in the wild. The elephants are very intelligent and it was amazing helping to feed them.  
It was not easy work, though. The rainforest was very hot, and there were a lot of dangerous snakes and insects. On one day, a spider bit me on the hand when I was putting something in my pocket. My hand swelled up and I thought, Oh, no! I have a big problem! But local people told me that the spider wasn't a dangerous one, and after a day or two my hand was fine. I don't think everyone would find life in Thailand easy, but I loved it. I've even learnt some Thai. Now I can communicate with Thai people as well as the elephants.

## VOCABULARY

famous (adj.)	مشهور	pharaoh (n.)	فرعون
champion (n.)	بطل / بطولة	dream (n.\v.)	حلم / يحلم
squash (n.)	لعبة الاسكواش	century (n.)	قرن (١٠٠ عام)
beat (v.)	يهزم / يضرب	vote (v.)	يصوت
twice (n.)	مرتان	<b>Prepositions حروف جر</b>	
reach (v.)	يصل الى	married to	متزوج من
final (n.)	نهائي	move from....to	ينتقل من....الى
top (n.)	قمة	listen to	يستمع الى
team (n.)	فريق	play for	يلعب لـ
junior (adj.)	شباب	on television	في التلفاز
senior (adj.)	كبير	at the same time	في نفس الوقت
competition (n.)	مسابقة	on the coast	على الساحل
adult (n.)	بالغ	find out	يكشف / يعرف
puzzles (n.)	الغاز	vote on	يصوت على
success (n.)	نجاح	on the beach	على الشاطئ
inspire (v.)	يلهم	<b>Expressions تعبيرات</b>	
inspiration (n.)	الهام	become friends	يصبح صديقاً
game (n.)	لعبة	lay eggs	تضع بيضاً
footballer (n.)	لاعب كرة قدم	marine life	حياة بحرية
strong (adj.)	قوى	sports star	نجم رياضي
national (adj.)	قومي	main character	شخصية رئيسية
international (adj.)	دولي	feel unwell	يشعر بالمرض
times (n.)	مرات	national team	فريق قومي
boyhood (n.)	صبا	boyhood club	نادي الصبا
club (n.)	نادي	blood pressure	ضغط الدم
Switzerland (n.)	سويسرا	a busy man	رجل مشغول
join (v.)	ينضم / يلتحق	lie on the beach	يرقد على الشاطئ
beginning (n.)	بداية	Squash World Open	بطولة العالم المفتوحة للاسكواش
change (n.\v.)	تغير / يتغير	reach the final	يصل للنهائي
admire (v.)	يعجب	World Junior Champion	بطل العالم للشباب
generous (adj.)	كريم	do puzzles	يحل الغاز
pressure (n.)	ضغط	play a game	يمارس لعبة
volunteer (n.)	متطوع	run a country	يدير دولة
turtle (n.)	سلحفاة	as an adult	كبالغ
Greece (n.)	اليونان	short story	قصة قصيرة
isolated (adj.)	معزول / بعيد	coral reefs	شعاب مرجانية
rainforest (n.)	غابة مطيرة	over the moon	سعيد جداً
bite\bit\bitten (v.)	يضرب / يعض	hard work	عمل شاق
monitor (n.\v.)	شاشة / يلاحظ	have impact on	لدية تاثير على
character (n.)	شخصية		
surprise (n.\v.)	مفاجأة / يفاجئ		